CIBC Western Institutional Investor Conference

January 18, 2024





FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS



The information in this presentation has been prepared as at January 12, 2023. Certain statements contained in this presentation constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and "forward-looking information" under the provisions of Canadian provincial securities laws and are referred to herein as "forward-looking statements". All statements of historical fact, that address circumstances events, activities or developments that could, or may or will occur are forward looking statements. When used in this presentation, the words "achieve", "aim", "anticipate", "could", "estimate", "expect", "forecast", "future", "plan", "possible", "potential", "schedule", "target", "tracking", "will", and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Such statements include, without limitation; the Company's forward-looking guidance, including metal production, estimated ore grades. statements regarding or relating to recovery rates, project timelines, drilling targets or results, life of mine estimates, total cash costs per ounce. AISC per ounce, other expenses and cash flows; the potential for additional gold production at Kittila, and the AK deposit and the Company's other sites: the estimated timing and conclusions of the Company's studies and evaluations; the methods by which ore will be extracted or processed; the Company's expansion plans at Detour Lake, Kittila, Meliadine Phase 2, the Amarua underground project and the Odyssey project, including the timing, funding, completion and commissioning thereof and the commencement of production therefrom: the Company's plans at the Hope Bay project; statements about the Company's plans at the Wasamac and Upper Beaver projects: statements concerning other expansion projects, recovery rates, mill throughout, optimization and projected exploration, including costs and other estimates upon which such projections are based; timing and amounts of capital expenditures, other expenditures and other cash needs, and expectations as to the funding thereof; estimates of future mineral resources, mineral production and sales: the projected development of certain ore deposits, including estimates of exploration, development and production and other capital costs and estimates of the timing of such exploration, development and production or decisions with respect to such exploration, development and production; anticipated cost inflation and its effect on the Company's costs and results; estimates of mineral reserves and mineral resources and the effect of drill results on future mineral reserves and mineral resources. resources; the Company's ability to obtain the necessary permits and authorizations in connection with its proposed or current exploration, development and mining operations and the anticipated timing thereof; operations at and expansion of the Kittila mine following the decision of the Finish courts and administrative bodies; future exploration; the anticipated timing of events with respect to the Company's mine sites; the sufficiency of the Company's cash resources; the Company's plans with respect to hedging and the effectiveness of its hedging strategies; future activity with respect to the Company's unsecured revolving bank credit facility, the term loan facility and other indebtness; future dividend amounts and payment dates; and anticipated trends with respect to the Company's operations, exploration and the funding thereof. Such statements reflect the Company's views as at the date of this presentation and are subject to certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions, and undue reliance should not be placed on such statements. Forward-looking statements are necessarily based upon a number of factors and assumptions that, while considered reasonable by Agnico Eagle as of the date of such statements, are inherently subject to significant business, economic and competitive uncertainties and contingencies. The material factors and assumptions used in the preparation of the forward looking statements contained herein, which may prove to be incorrect. include, but are not limited to, the assumptions set forth herein and in management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") and the Company's Annual Information Form ("AIF") for the year ended December 31, 2022 filed with Canadian securities regulators and that are included in its Annual Report on Form 40-F for the year ended December 31, 2022 ("Form 40-F") filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") as well as: that there are no significant disruptions affecting operations; that production, permitting, development, expansion and the ramp-up of operations at each of Agnico Eagle's properties proceeds on a basis consistent with current expectations and plans; that the relevant metal prices, foreign exchange rates and prices for key mining and construction inputs (including labour and electricity) will be consistent with Agnico Eagle's expectations: the ability to realize synergies from the Yamana Transaction and cost savings at the times, and to the extent. anticipated: that Agnico Eagle's current estimates of mineral reserves, mineral grades and metal recovery are accurate; that there are no material delays in the timing for completion of ongoing growth projects; that seismic activity at the Company's operations at LaRonde. Goldex and other properties is as expected by the Company and that the Company's efforts to mitigate its effect on mining operations are successful; that the Company's current plans to optimize production are successful; that there are no material variations in the current tax and regulatory environment; that governments, the Company or others do not take additional measures in response to the COVID-19 pandemic or otherwise that, individually or in the aggregate, materially affect the Company's ability to operate its business or its productivity; and that measures taken relating to, or other effects of, the COVID-19 pandemic do not affect the Company's ability to obtain necessary supplies and deliver them to its mine sites. Many factors, known and unknown, could cause the actual results to be materially different from those expressed or implied by such forward looking statements. Such risks include, but are not limited to: the volatility of prices of gold and other metals; uncertainty of mineral reserves, mineral grades and mineral recovery estimates; uncertainty of future production, project development, capital expenditures and other costs; foreign exchange rate fluctuations; inflationary pressures; financing of additional capital requirements; cost of exploration and development programs; seismic activity at the Company's operations, including the LaRonde complex and Goldex mine; mining risks; community protests, including by First Nations groups; risks associated with foreign operations; governmental and environmental regulation; the Volatility of the Company's stock price; risks associated with the Company's currency, fuel and by-product metal derivative strategies; the ability to realize the anticipated benefits of the Yamana Transaction; the ability to realize the anticipated benefits of the San Nicolás transaction; the current rising interest rate environment; the potential for major economies to encounter a slowdown in economic activity or a recession: the potential for increased conflict or hostilities in various regions, including Europe and the Middle East; the extent and manner to which COVID-19, its variants, and other communicable diseases or outbreaks, and measures taken by governments, the Company or others to attempt to mitigate the spread thereof may directly or indirectly affect the Company. For a more detailed discussion of such risks and other factors that may affect the Company's ability to achieve the expectations set forth in the forward-looking statements contained in this presentation, see the AIF and MD&A filed on SEDAR at www.sedarplus.ca and included in the Form 40-F filed on EDGAR at www.sec.gov, as well as the Company's other filings with the Canadian securities regulators and the SEC. Other than as required by law, the Company does not intend, and does not assume any obligation, to update these forward-looking statements.

Further Information - For further details on Agnico Eagle's third guarter 2023 results, please see the Company's news release dated October 25, 2023.

Front Cover - Agnico Eagle's Meliadine mine located in Kiyallia District of Nunavut, taken in the first quarter of 2021.

NOTES TO INVESTORS



Note Regarding the Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures

This presentation discloses certain financial performance measures, including "total cash costs per ounce", "all-in sustaining costs per ounce", "net debt", "adjusted net income per share", "adjusted net income per share", "earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization" (also referred to as EBITDA), "adjusted EBITDA", "free cash flow", "cash provided by operating activities before working capital adjustments" and "operating margin" that are not standardized measures under IFRS. These measures may not be comparable to similar measures reported by other gold mining companies. For a reconciliation of these measures to the most directly comparable financial information reported in the condensed interim consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRS, other than adjusted net income, see "Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Performance Measures" below.

The total cash costs per ounce of gold produced also referred to as "total cash cost per ounce" is reported on both a by-product basis (deducting by-product metal revenues from production costs) and co-product basis (without deducting by-product metal revenues). The total cash costs per ounce of gold produced on a by-product basis is calculated by adjusting production costs as recorded in the consolidated statements of income (loss) for by-product revenues, inventory production costs, the impact of purchase price allocation in connection with mergers and acquisitions to inventory accounting, realized gains and losses on hedges of production costs, operational care and maintenance costs due to COVID-19 and other adjustments. which include the costs associated with a 5% in-kind royalty paid in respect of the Datour Lake mine. a 1.5% in-kind royalty paid in respect of the Macassa mine. as well as smelting, refining and marketing charges and then dividing by the number of ounces of gold produced. Certain line items such as operational care and maintenance costs due to COVID-19 and realized gains and losses on hedges of production costs were previously classified as "other adjustments" and are now disclosed separately to provide additional detail on the reconciliation, allowing investors to better understand the impacts of such events on the cash operating costs per ounce and minesite costs per tonne. In addition, given the extraordinary nature of the fair value adjustment on inventory related to mergers and acquisitions and the use of the total cash costs per ounce measure to reflect the cash generating capabilities of the Company's operations, the calculation of total cash costs per ounce for the Detour. Macassa and Fosterville mines have been adjusted for this purchase price allocation in the comparative period data and for the Canadian Malartic complex in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023. The total cash costs per ounce of gold produced on a co-product basis is calculated in the same manner as the total cash costs per ounce of gold produced on a by-product basis. except that no adjustment is made for by-product metal revenues. Accordingly, the calculation of total cash costs per ounce of gold produced on a co-product basis does not reflect a reduction in production costs or smelting, refining and marketing charges associated with the production and sale of by-product metals. The total cash costs per ounce of gold produced is intended to provide information about the cash-generating capabilities of the Company's mining operations. Management also uses these measures to, and believes they are helpful to investors so investors can, understand and monitor the performance of the Company's mining operations. The Company believes that total cash costs per ounce is useful to help investors understand the costs associated with producing gold and the economics of gold mining. As market prices for gold are quoted on a per ounce basis, using the total cash costs per ounce of gold produced on a by-product basis measure allows management and investors to assess a mine's cash-generating capabilities at various gold prices. Management is aware, and investors should note, that these per ounce measures of performance can be affected by fluctuations in exchange rates and, in the case of total cash costs per ounce of gold produced on a by-product metal prices. Management compensates for these inherent limitations by using, and investors should also consider, these measures in conjunction with minesite costs per tonne as well as other data prepared in accordance with IFRS. Management also performs sensitivity analysis in order to quantify the effects of fluctuating metal prices and exchange rates. Investors should note that total cash costs per ounce are not reflective of all cash expenditures as they do not include income tax payments, interest costs or dividend payments. These measures also do not include depreciation or amortization.

Agnico Eagle's primary business is gold production and the focus of its current operations and future development is on maximizing returns from gold production, with other metal production being incidental to the gold production process. Accordingly, all metals other than gold are considered by-products.

Total cash costs per ounce of gold produced is reported on a by-product basis because (i) the majority of the Company's revenues are from gold, (ii) the Company mines ore, which contains gold, silver, zinc, copper and other metals, (iii) it is not possible to specifically assign all costs to revenues from the gold, silver, zinc, copper and other metals the Company produces, (iv) it is a method used by management and the Board of Directors to monitor operations, and (v) many other gold producers disclose similar measures on a by-product rather than a co-product basis. Investors should also consider these measures in conjunction with other data prepared in accordance with IFRS.

All-in sustaining costs per ounce of gold produced on a by-product basis is calculated as the aggregate of total cash costs on a by-product basis, sustaining capital expenditures (including capitalized exploration), general and administrative expenses (including stock options), lease payments related to sustaining assets and reclamation expenses, and then dividing by the number of ounces of gold produced (excluding production prior to the achievement of commercial production). These additional costs reflect the additional expenditures that are required to be made to maintain current production levels. The AISC per ounce of gold produced on a co-product basis is calculated in the same manner as the AISC per ounce of gold produced on a by-product basis, except that the total cash costs on a co-product basis are used, meaning no adjustment is made for by-product metal revenues. AISC per ounce seeks to reflect total sustaining expenditures of producing and selling an ounce of gold while maintaining current operations. Management is aware, and investors should note, that these per ounce measures of performance can be affected by fluctuations in foreign exchange rates and, in the case of total cash costs per ounce and AISC of gold produced on a by-product basis, by-product metal prices. Management compensates for these inherent limitations by using these measures in conjunction with minesite costs per tonne as well as other data prepared in accordance with IFRS. Investors should note that AISC per ounce is not reflective of all cash expenditures as it does not include income tax payments, interest costs or dividend payments. This measure also does not include depreciation or amortization.

The World Gold Council ("WGC") is a non-regulatory market development organization for the gold industry. Although the WGC is not a mining industry regulatory organization, it has worked closely with its member companies to develop relevant non-GAAP measures. The Company follows the guidance on all-in sustaining costs released by the WGC in November 2018. Adoption of the AISC metric is voluntary and, notwithstanding the Company's adoption of the WGC's guidance, AISC per ounce of gold produced reported by the Company may not be comparable to data reported by other gold mining companies. The Company believes that this measure provides helpful information about operating performance. However, this non-GAAP measure should be considered together with other data prepared in accordance with IFRS as it is not necessarily indicative of operating costs or cash flow measures prepared in accordance with IFRS.

NOTES TO INVESTORS



Note Regarding the Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Net debt is calculated by adjusting the total of the current portion of long-term debt and non-current long-term debt as recorded on the consolidated balance sheet for deferred financing costs and cash and cash equivalents. Management believes the measure of net debt is useful to help investors to determine the Company's overall debt position and to evaluate future debt capacity of the Company.

Adjusted net income and adjusted net income per share are calculated by adjusting the net income as recorded in the consolidated statements of income (loss) for the effects of certain non-recurring, unusual and other items that the Company believes are not reflective of the Company's underlying performance for the reporting period. Adjusted net income is calculated by adjusting net income for foreign currency translation gains or losses, realized and unrealized gains or losses on derivative financial instruments, revaluation gain, impairment loss charges and reversals, environmental remediation, severance and transaction costs related to acquisitions, purchase price allocations to inventory, income and mining taxes adjustments as well as other items (which includes changes in estimates of asset retirement obligations at closed sites and gains and losses on the disposal of assets, self-insurance losses, multi-year donations and integration costs). Adjusted net income per share is calculated by dividing adjusted net income by the number of shares outstanding on a basic and diluted basis. The Company believes that these generally accepted industry measures are useful in that they allow for the evaluation of the results of continuing operations and in making comparisons between periods. Adjusted net income and adjusted net income per share are intended to provide investors with information about the Company's continuing income generating capabilities from its core mining business, excluding the above adjustments, which are not reflective of operational performance. Management uses this measure to, and believes it is helpful to investors so they can, understand and monitor for the operating performance of the Company in conjunction with other data prepared in accordance with IFRS.

EBITDA is calculated by adjusting the net income as recorded in the condensed interim consolidated statements of income for finance costs, amortization of property, plant and mine development and income and mining tax expense line items as reported in the condensed interim consolidated statements of income. Adjusted EBITDA removes the effects of certain non-recurring, unusual and other items that the Company believes are not reflective of the Company's underlying performance for the reporting period. Adjusted EBITDA is calculated by adjusting the EBITDA calculation for foreign currency translation gains or losses, realized and unrealized gains or losses on derivative financial instruments, revaluation gains and losses, impairment loss charges and reversals, environmental remediation, severance and transaction costs related to acquisitions, purchase price allocations to inventory, income and mining taxes adjustments as well as other items (which includes changes in estimates of asset retirement obligations at closed sites, gains and losses on the disposal of assets, self insurance losses, multi-year donations and integration costs).

The Company believes that these generally accepted industry measures are useful in that they allow for the evaluation of the liquidity generating capability of the Company to fund its working capital, capital expenditure and debt repayments. EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA are intended to provide investors with information about the Company's continuing cash generating capability from its core mining business, excluding the above adjustments, which are not reflective of operational performance. Management uses these measures too and believes it is helpful to investors so they can understand and monitor the cash generating capability of the Company in conjunction with other data prepared in accordance with IFRS.

Operating margin is calculated by deducting production costs from revenue from mining operations. In order to reconcile operating margin to net income as recorded in the consolidated financial statements, the Company adds the following items to the operating margin: income and mining taxes expense; other expenses (income); care and maintenance expenses; foreign currency translation (gain) loss; environmental remediation costs; gain (loss) on derivative financial instruments; finance costs; general and administrative expenses; amortization of property, plant and mine development; exploration and corporate development expenses; revaluation gain and impairment losses (reversals). The Company believes that operating margin is a useful measure that represents the operating performance of its individual mines associated with the ongoing production and sale of gold and by-product metals without allocating Company-wide overhead, including exploration and corporate development expenses, amortization of property, plant and mine development, general and administrative expenses, finance costs, gain and losses on derivative financial instruments, environmental remediation costs, foreign currency translation gains and losses, other expenses and income and mining tax expenses. Management uses this measure internally to plan and forecast future operating results. This measure is intended to provide investors with additional information about the Company's underlying operating results and should be evaluated in conjunction with other data prepared in accordance with IFRS.

This presentation also contains information as to estimated future total cash costs per ounce and AISC per ounce. The estimates are based upon the total cash costs per ounce that the Company expects to incur to mine gold at its mines and projects and, consistent with the reconciliation of these actual costs referred to above, do not include production costs attributable to accretion expense and other asset retirement costs, which will vary over time as each project is developed and mined. It is therefore not practicable to reconcile these forward-looking non-GAAP financial measures to the most comparable IFRS measure.

Note Regarding Production Guidance

The gold production guidance is based on the Company's mineral reserves but includes contingencies and assumes metal prices and foreign exchange rates that are different from those used in the mineral reserve estimates. These factors and others mean that the gold production guidance presented in this presentation does not reconcile exactly with the production models used to support these mineral reserves.

Agnico Eagle: A High-Quality, Low-Risk Senior Gold Producer



Simple, Consistent Strategy

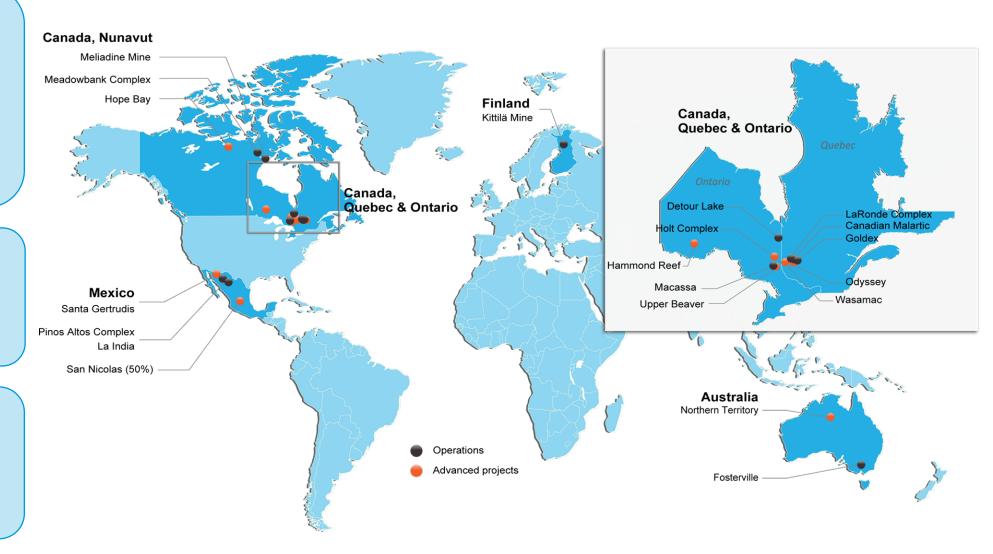
Proven geological potential in premier jurisdictions

Third Largest Global Gold Producer¹

3.24 - 3.44 Moz (2023E) \$840 - \$890 /oz² (2023E)

Strong Mineral Reserve Base³

P&P: 50 Moz M&I: 47 Moz Inferred: 31 Moz



Notes:

- 1. See AEM February 16, 2023 press release for the 2023 Guidance
- 2. Total cash costs per ounce is a non-GAAP measure, see Notes to Investors in this presentation
- 3. See AEM February 16, 2023 press release and appendix for detailed breakdown of mineral reserves and mineral resources, includes 100% of Canadian Malartic

Track Record of Value Creation



Building a Portfolio of High-Quality Assets in Premier Mining Jurisdictions that Offer Superior Geological Potential

2005 - 2007

2008 - 2012

2013 - 2016

2017 - 2020

Acquisitions in early-stage exploration projects with high geological potential

Construction of 5 mines and developing 4 regional mining platforms

Acquisition of 50% of Canadian Malartic

Expanding production in Mexico

Strengthening and consolidating regional platforms

- Meliadine, Amaruq
- Kirkland Lake camp & Hammond Reef

- Systematically built a low risk, manageable business
- Focused on growing profitable gold production and building per share value
- Long history of dependable capital returns to shareholders

| | 2005 | 2023 |
|---------------------------------------|--------|--------|
| Operating Mines | 1 | 11 |
| Operating Countries | 1 | 4 |
| Gold Production (koz) | 240 | 3,340* |
| Gold Production (oz per 1,000 shares) | 2.7 | 6.7* |
| Annualized Dividend (\$/sh) | \$0.03 | \$1.60 |

Consistent Strategy to Value Creation



Disciplined Investments for Multi-Decade Production in Low-Risk Jurisdictions

2021-2023

Next 5 Years

Regional Consolidation

- Merger with Kirkland Lake Gold
- · Acquisition of Canadian assets of Yamana Gold
- Acquisition of TMAC (Hope Bay)
- San Nicolas joint venture with Teck

Adding value through the drill bit

- Detour Lake Addition of 5.8Moz mineral reserves and 14.1Moz mineral resources with a discovery cost less than \$10/oz
- Canadian Malartic Addition of ~6.2Moz of indicated mineral resources and ~9.2Moz of inferred mineral resources with a discovery cost less than \$10/oz

Returns

- Increased quarterly dividend from \$0.20/share to \$0.40/share
- Initiated a normal course issuer bid to repurchase up to \$500M of common shares

Optimization of existing assets and regional mining platforms

- Detour Lake mill optimization
- · Shaft infrastructure at Macassa and Kittila
- Meliadine mill expansion
- Innovation and regional synergies to support cost improvements

Focus on organic growth at core operating region

- Detour Lake Targeting production growth of 1Moz/yr from 0.7Moz/year
- Canadian Malartic Transition to underground; Near-mine opportunities
- Abitibi project pipeline and advanced exploration opportunities to leverage excess milling capacity starting in 2028

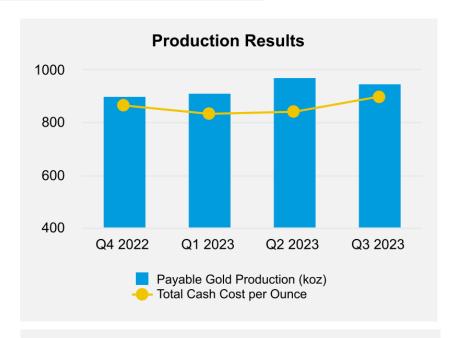
- Leveraging regional infrastructure to sustain profitable gold production
- Lower capital intensity, reduced environmental footprint, lower execution and operational risk for better return on capital and better risk-adjusted return on capital

Financial Highlights



Solid operating performance drives financial results

| | Q3 2023 | Q3 2022 | YTD Q3 2023 | YTD Q3 2022 |
|---|------------|------------|----------------|----------------|
| Gold Production (000 oz) | 850.4 | 816.8 | 2,536.4 | 2,335.6 |
| Gold Sales (000 oz) | 843.1 | 830.2 | 2,489.5 | 2,359.7 |
| Total Cash Costs ¹ (US\$/oz) | \$898 | \$779 | \$857 | \$769 |
| All-in Sustaining Costs¹ (US\$/oz) | \$1,210 | \$1,106 | \$1,162 | \$1,067 |
| | | | | |
| Revenues (millions) | \$1,642 | \$1,450 | \$4,870 | \$4,356 |
| Net Income (millions) | \$179 | \$67 | \$2,322 | \$476 |
| Adjusted Net Income ¹ (basic) (millions) | \$220 | \$222 | \$814 | \$829 |
| EBITDA ¹ (millions) | \$722 | \$519 | \$3,878 | \$1,724 |
| Adjusted EBITDA¹ (millions) | \$763 | \$675 | \$2,370 | \$2,077 |
| Cash provided by operating activities (millions) | \$502 | \$575 | \$1,874 | \$1,716 |
| Cash provided by operating activities before working capital adjustments (millions) | \$669 | \$558 | \$1,971 | \$1,630 |
| Capital Expenditures ¹ (millions) | \$406 | \$428 | \$1,164 | \$1080 |
| | | | | |
| Net Income per share (basic) | \$0.36 | \$0.15 | \$4.78 | \$1.10 |
| Adjusted Net Income per share ¹ (basic) | \$0.44 | \$0.49 | \$1.67 | \$1.92 |
| Operating Cash Flow per share (basic) | \$1.01 | \$1.26 | \$3.85 | \$3.98 |



Tracking Versus Guidance

| | Q3 YTD Actuals | 2023 FY Guidance (mid-point) |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| Gold Production (000 oz) | 2,536 | 3,334 |
| Total Cash Costs (\$/oz) | \$857 | \$865 |
| AISC (\$/oz) | \$1,162 | \$1,150 |
| Capital Expenditures (millions) | \$1,164 | \$1,539 |

¹ Total cash costs, AISC, adjusted net income, EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA, capital expenditures and adjusted net income per share are non-GAAP measures, see *Notes to Investors* in this presentation.



Abitibi Gold Belt – Decades of Gold Production Anchored in Core Operating Region



Agnico Eagle's Presence in the Abitibi Gold Belt



5 Operating Gold Mines

- 150,000 tonnes of daily mill capacity
- 1.9Moz 2.1Moz through 2025E
- ~\$800/oz total cash costs 2023E



2 of the 10 Largest Gold Mines in the World With Multi-Decade Production

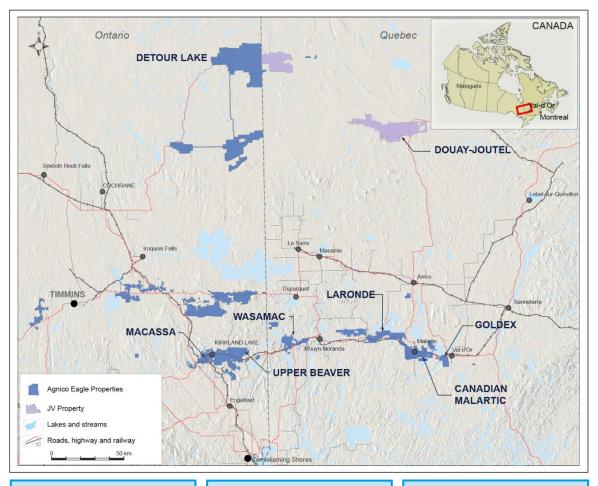


Robust Pipeline and Land Package
With 2 Advanced Stage Exploration Projects



Competitive Advantage from 50+ Years of Operations in the Region

People, Technical Expertise, Logistics Synergies



Proven & probable gold reserves (Moz) ¹

31.5

Measured & indicated gold resources (Moz) ¹

32.8

Inferred gold resource (Moz) 1

19.3

^{1.} Mineral reserves and mineral resources include the Company's properties in Quebec and Ontario, including 100% of Canadian Malartic but excluding Hammond Reef and Wasamac. See AEM February 16, 2023 press release and appendix for detailed breakdown of mineral reserves and mineral resources.

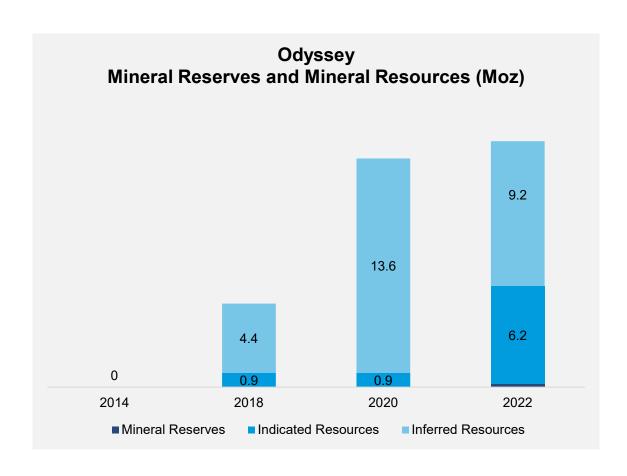


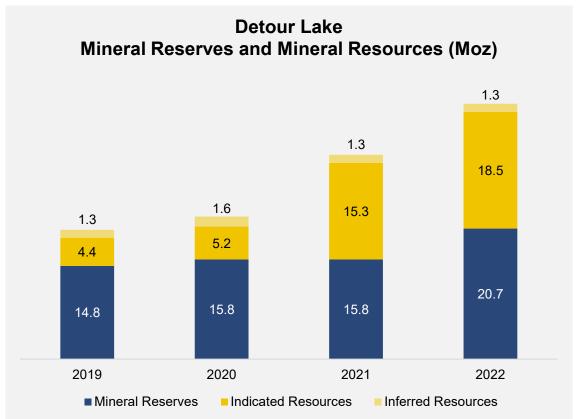
Creating Value Through the Drill Bit



Two world-class mines with discovery costs below \$10/oz









Abitibi Gold Belt – Focus on Optimizing the Portfolio



1

Detour Lake

- Systematically increasing mill capacity towards 28 Mtpa
- Evaluating pathway to 30 Mtpa
- Underground study expected to be completed in H1 2024

2

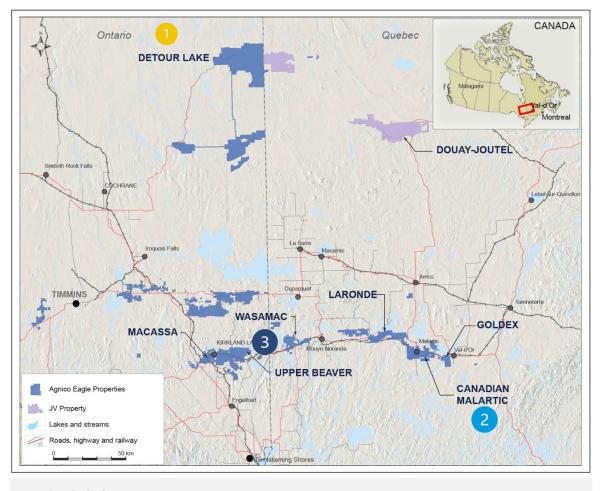
Canadian Malartic Complex

- Transition from Open Pit to Underground production
- June 2022 technical evaluation for Odyssey:
 - Increased mine life by 3 years (2042), added 1.7 Moz
 - Increased NPV to \$2.5 B¹
- Significant upside from near mine exploration targets

3

Regional Infrastructure

- Production expected from Akasaba West, AK & near surface zones in 2024
- Studies for Upper Beaver and Wasamac (H1 2024)
- Ore transportation and processing trade-off studies (H1 2024)



8,000+

Employees and Contractors

\$12.4M

In Community Investments

\$704M

In Local Procurement Spend

0.30

CO2 Equivalent per Ounce²

¹ Assuming gold price of \$1,950, USD/CAD of 1.32 and a discount rate of 5%, for more information see news release dated June 20, 2023

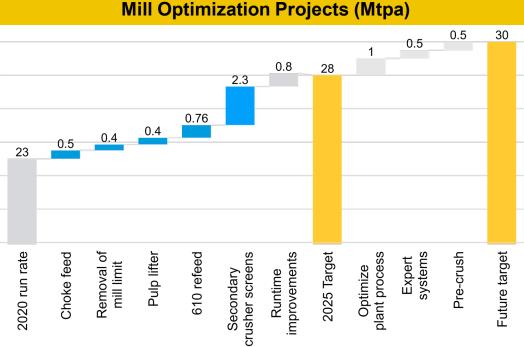


Detour Lake – A Growing World Class Mine



- Realized mill tonnage annual growth of 5 6% since 2019
- Growing throughput to 28Mtpa by 2025
 - Continue to improve maintenance practices for higher milling rate
 - Optimize secondary crusher re-feed system, the ball mill discharge, the SAG discharge, and secondary crusher liner profiles
- Evaluating pathway to 30Mtpa and beyond
 - Advanced process control utilizing artificial intelligence
 - Ore sorting ongoing pilot test to prove concept
- Evaluation of underground potential
 - 8 drill rigs active to investigate the deposit below the West Pit mineral reserve and the western plunge extension
 - Tighter infill drilling in 2 areas confirmed good continuity of highergrade zones which supports the potential underground mining plan
 - Potential for bulk mining with gold grades potentially ranging from 2.0 – 3.0 g/t gold

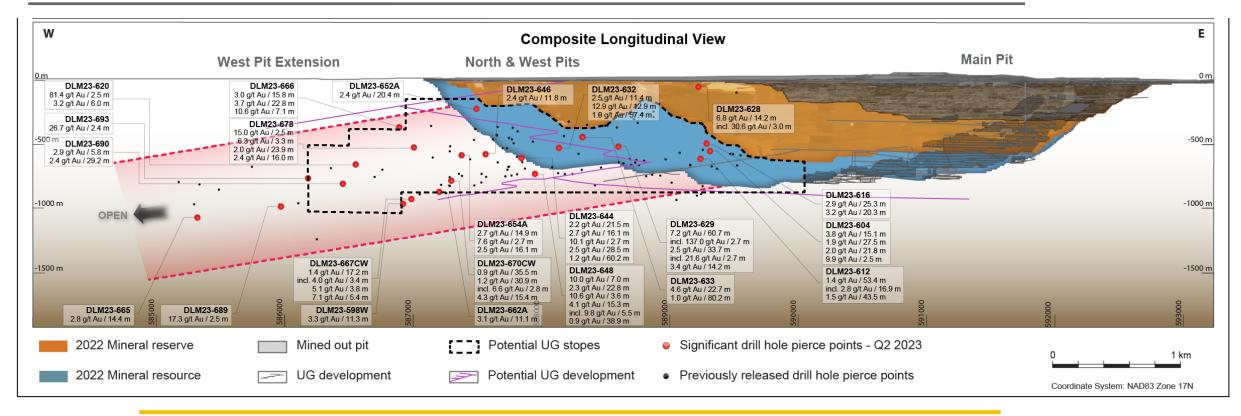






Detour Lake – Advancing Underground Study and Ongoing Drilling at Depth



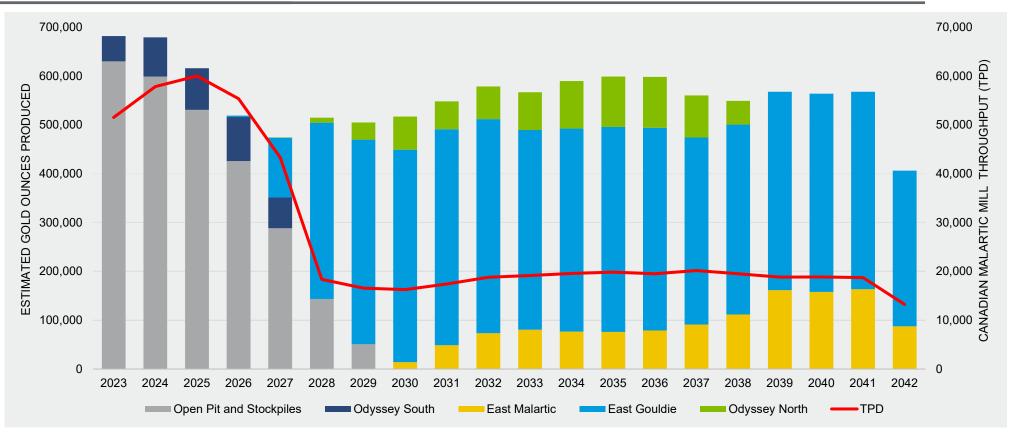


- Continued exploration at depth and to the west to further evaluate underground mining potential
 - 10 drill rigs active to investigate the deposit below the West Pit mineral reserve and the western plunge extension mineralization
- Initial underground technical evaluation expected to be completed in H1 2024
 - Potential for bulk mining with gold grades potentially ranging from 2.0 3.0 g/t gold



Canadian Malartic Complex – Mine Life Extended, Production Profile Improved





Odyssey Highlights:

- Over 60% of surface construction completed
- Average production expected to exceed 558 koz for 13+ years
- NPV of \$2.5B and IRR of 33% at gold price of \$1,950/oz1
- Positive cash flow expected during transition phase to underground mining

Opportunities to further enhance production profile from 2026 - 2031 with exploration of Odyssey internal zones



Odyssey Mine – Development Progressing as Planned



Ramping-up production from Odyssey South

- Pastefill plant commissioned in July 2023
- Production reached 3.3 ktpd in September, approaching the planned mining rate of 3.5 ktpd for 2024
- With a positive reconciliation of 18% in gold ounces for the first four stopes mined compared to plan, the internal zones continue to provide upside

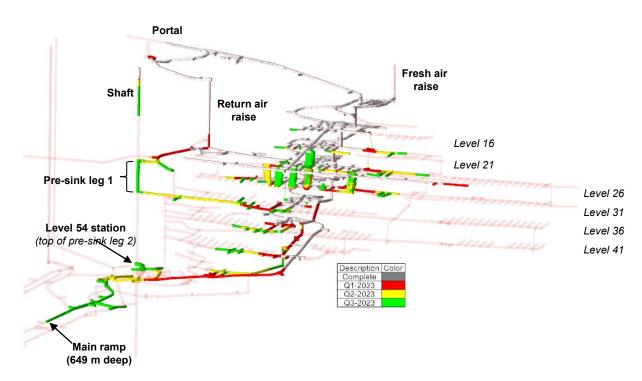
Good progress achieved on development and shaft sinking

- Exceeding planned advance rate for Main Ramp at 166m/mth
- Completed first pre-sink leg of shaft between levels 26 to 36
- Ramping-up shaft sinking activities to target rate of 2.0m/day

Continued exploration success

- Exploration drilling focused on infilling the internal zones at the Odyssey South deposit and mineral resource expansion of East Gouldie to the east and west
- An addition of mineral reserves is expected at the Odyssey mine at year-end 2023 with the conversion of indicated mineral resources at East Gouldie

Odyssey Mine, Development Progress in 2023

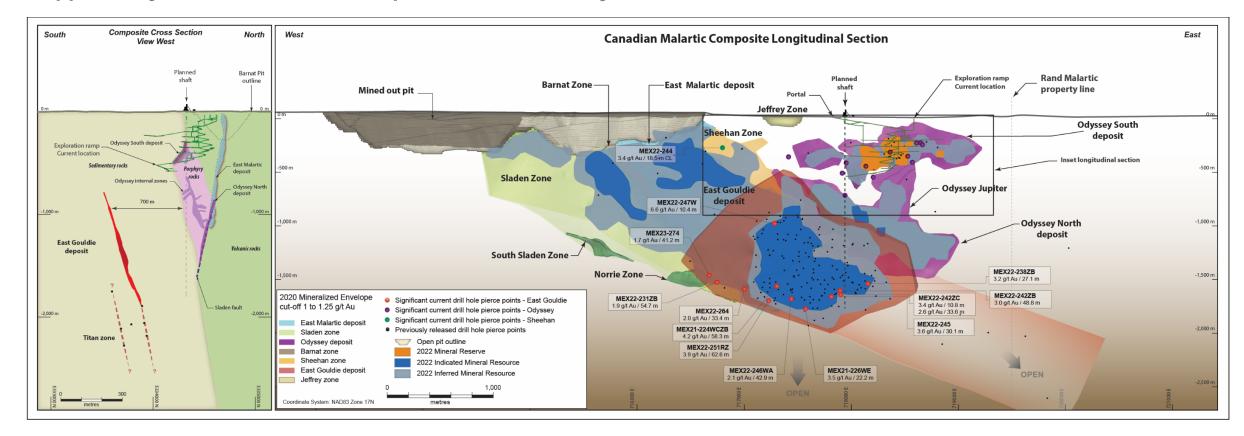




Canadian Malartic Complex – Multi-Decade Potential from a World-Class Asset



Opportunity to Continue to Build Upon the Recent Study

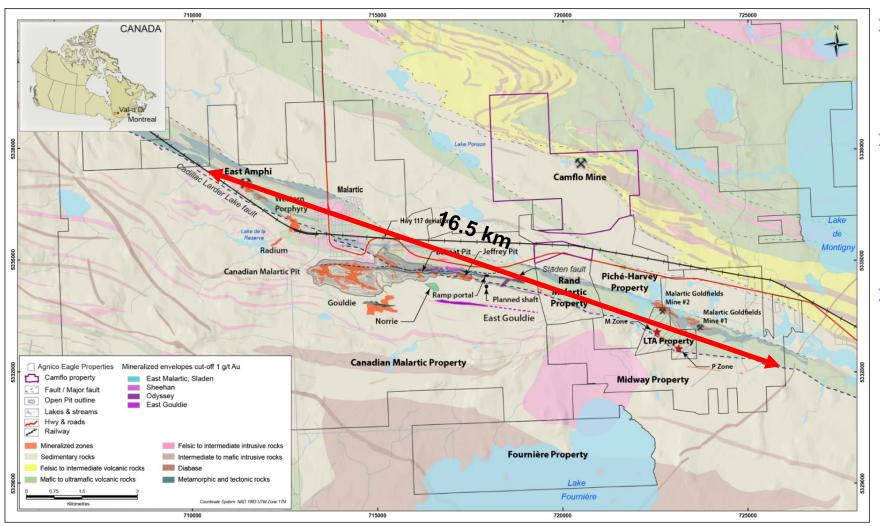


- Current exploration focus:
 - Expanding East Gouldie zone to the east and west
 - Mineral resource conversion and continued drilling of internal zones



Canadian Malartic Complex – Near-Mine Exploration Targets





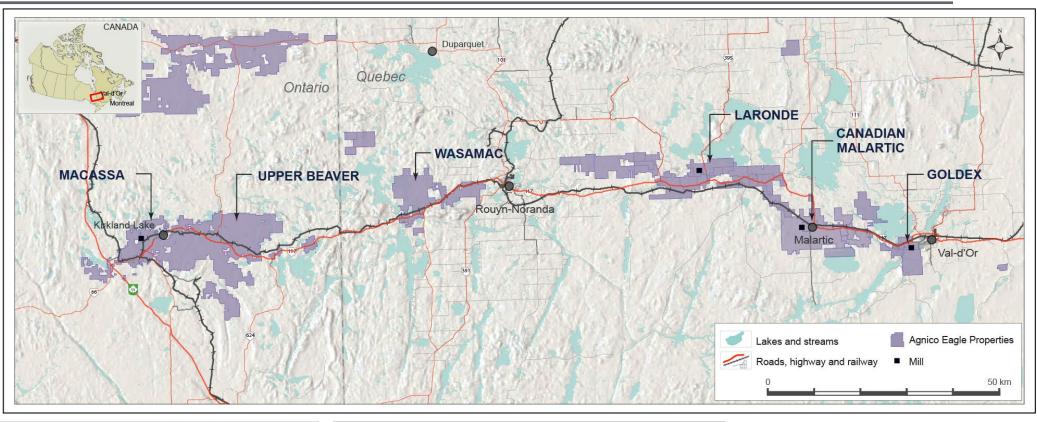
- 16.5 km along the Cadillac Larder
 Lake Break. Land position increased
 50% since 2014 to 13,500 ha
- Exploration targeting past producing mines:
 - Camflo and LTA
 - ~5km hauling distance
- Other opportunities include:
 - Odyssey South internal zones and the Jupiter Zone
 - The East Gouldie Corridor from surface to a depth of 600m
 - The East Malartic mine area below 600m depth
 - Rand Malartic
 - East Amphi
 - Midway





Abitibi Gold Belt – Regional Pipeline Projects & Infrastructure





Exploration Projects

- > Camflo: Initial exploration results
- > LTA: Compilation of historical data
- Rand Malartic: Investigating Odyssey type targets
- Joannes/Kettle: Grassroot investigation west of LaRonde
- Kirkland Lake Camp: Compilation of opportunities post consolidation

Development Projects

- Akasaba West at Goldex: (Expected production Q1 2024)
- AK & Near Surface at Macassa: (Expected production 2024)
- > Wasamac: (Study expected H1 2024)
- Upper Beaver: (Study expected H1 2024)

Operating Projects

- Canadian Malartic: Transition to Odyssey
- > LaRonde: Exploration drift at level 215
- Macassa: Shaft #4 & mill throughput
- > Goldex: South Zone, W Zone

Positive Minesite Exploration Expected to Drive Future Mineral Resource Growth



Hope Bay

- Expanding Doris deposit
- Significant progress at Madrid through step out drilling

Meliadine

 Drilling has targeted the vertical extensions of the mineralized zones in the central part of the Tiriganiaq and Wesmeg deposits

Fosterville

- Extending exploration decline at Lower Phoenix
- Continued drilling at Robbins Hill

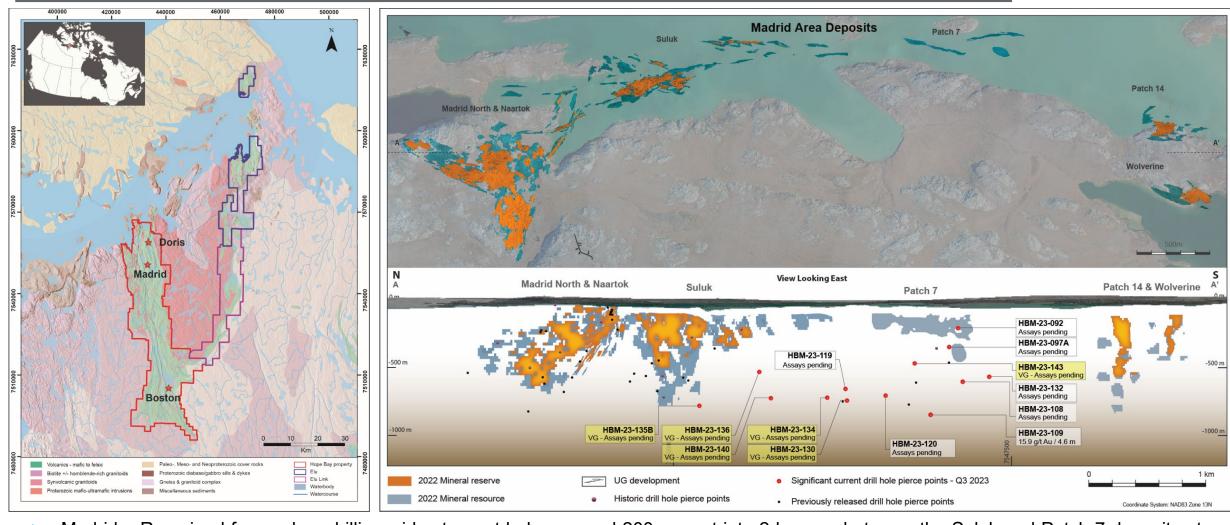
Kittila

- Drilling has extended the Rimpi Main Zone to the north, outside of the current mineral resources
- Near surface target of the Parallel / Sisar Zone in the Rimpi area



Hope Bay – Exploration Drilling at Madrid in 2023

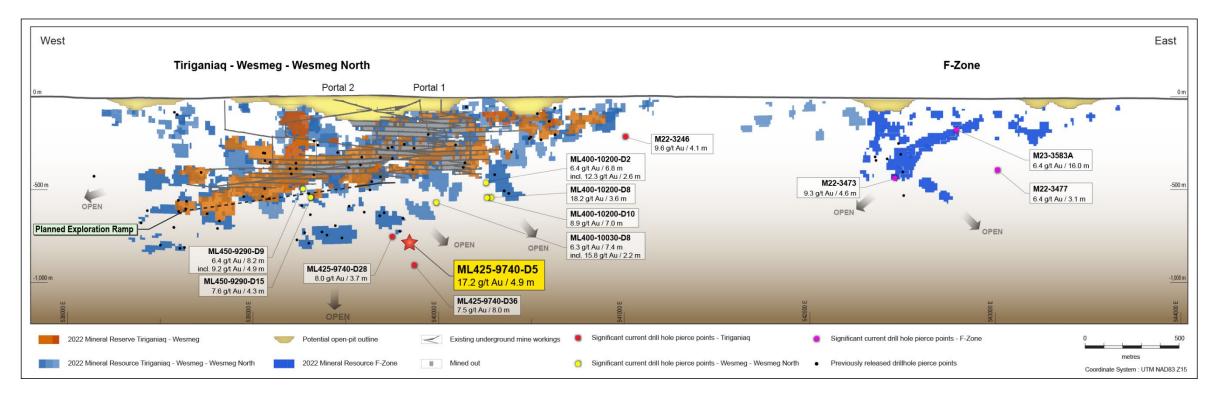




- Madrid Remained focused on drilling wide step-out holes spaced 200m apart into 2-km gap between the Suluk and Patch 7 deposits at depths between 400m and 700m. Highlight intercept of 15.9 g/t gold over 4.6m at 609m depth (~300m below Patch 7 mineral resource)
- Several intercepts with visible gold have assays pending
- Work continues on evaluating larger production scenarios (targeting 350-400koz/year)

Meliadine – Extending the Tiriganiaq and Wesmeg Deposits at Depth

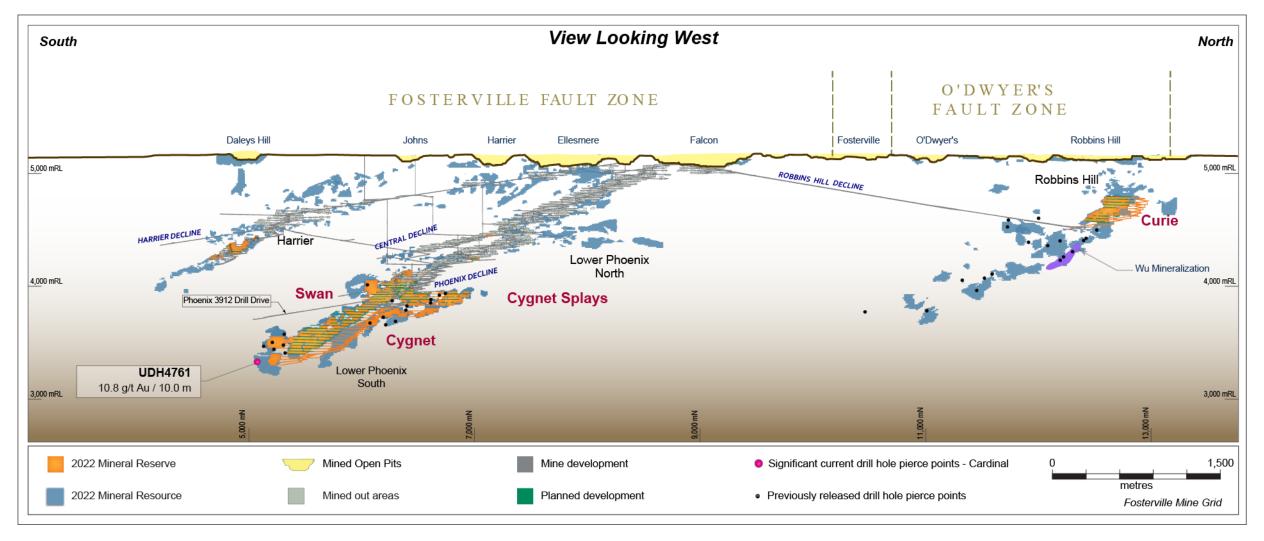




- At Tiriganiaq, drilling demonstrated continuity of mineralization at depth below the deepest drill holes to date and will continue to investigate this new plunging mineralization from the exploration ramp extension
- > At Wesmeg North, deep drilling intersected gold mineralization below current mineral resources, indicating the extension of mineralization at depth
- At F-Zone, drilling demonstrated the potential to grow the deposit laterally and at depth with a significant intercept in a previously undrilled area around 300m beyond the main mineral resources

Fosterville – Drilling Focused on the Lower Phoenix Deep Extension

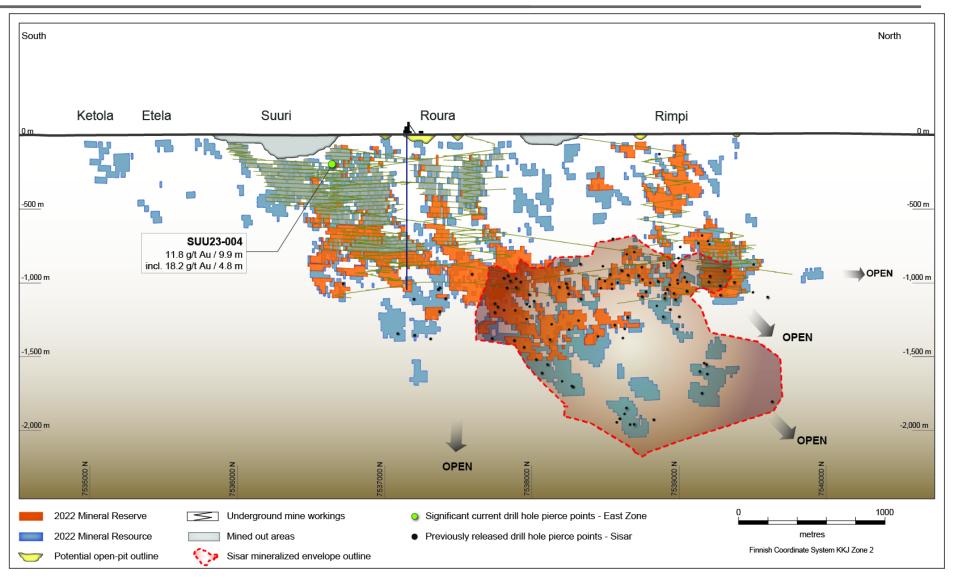




In the Lower Phoenix, a key target is the Cardinal fault, which is a hanging wall splay from the Swan structure. Highlight hole intersected 10.8 g/t gold over 10.0m in the Cardinal splay at 1,828m depth, including 96.4 g/t gold over 0.4m at 1,822m depth, approximately 190m down-plunge of the mineral reserves

Kittila – Shallow Drill Intersection in Parallel Mineralized Structure



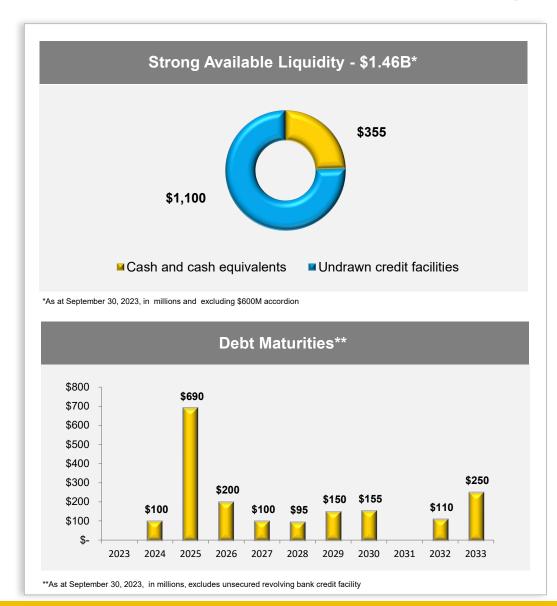


Shallow intersection in an underexplored, parallel mineralized structure named the East Zone located approximately 140m east of the Main Zone and outside current mineral resources. Highlight hole intersected 9.9m grading 11.8 g/t gold at 208m depth

Balance Sheet Strength and Financial Flexibility



Investment Grade Balance Sheet Remains Strong



- Strong liquidity with \$355M in cash and cash equivalents and \$1.1B (excluding \$600M accordion) in undrawn credit lines available, as at September 30, 2023
- Debt position at September 30, 2023:
 - Current debt \$100M, long-term debt \$1,842M
 - Net debt¹ increase to \$1,587M from \$1,509M at June 30, 2023
- Renewed NCIB (May 4, 2023), allowing purchases of up to \$500M for a period of one year
- Moody's upgraded its credit rating outlook for AEM to "positive" from "stable" affirming its Baa2 credit rating while Fitch Ratings affirmed its credit rating at BBB+

Superior Leverage to the Gold Price on a Risk-Adjusted Basis





Low-Risk Mining Jurisdictions

Multi-mine, multi-decade geologic potential

Multi-decade political stability

Regional focus maintaining a manageable business



Highest Quality Senior Gold Producer

High ESG standards with multidecade investment horizon

Disciplined capital investments based on knowledge and due diligence

Creating value through the drill bit and technical expertise



Uniquely Positioned

Robust land package in core mining jurisdictions with the unique potential to leverage existing assets

Competitive advantage from over 50 years of operations in Canada

Unique mining expertise in Nunavut



Strong Financial Returns

Emphasis on per share metrics

Strong financial position to fund growth projects, repay debt and return capital to shareholders

40 consecutive years of dividend payments

OPERATIONS UPDATE



First Nine Months 2023 Highlights

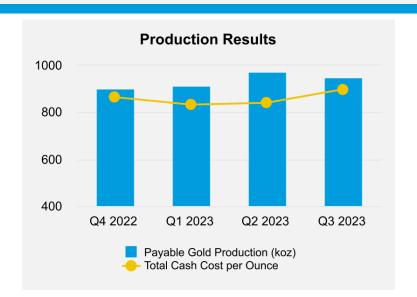






Gold production and cost performance remained solid

- Payable gold production of 2,536 koz
- Production costs of \$850/oz, total cash costs¹ of \$857/oz, AISC1 of \$1,162/oz
- Strong operating performance across all minesites
- On October 27, 2023, Supreme Administrative Court of Finland ("SAC") restored operating permit at 2 Mtpa at Kittila

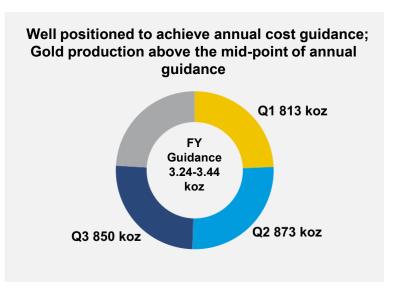




Solid quarterly financial results

- Net income of \$4.78 per share
- Adjusted net income¹ of \$1.67 per share
- Cash provided by operating activities of \$3.85 per share (\$4.05 per share before working capital adjustments¹)

Quarterly dividend unchanged at \$0.40 per share



¹ Total cash costs, AISC, adjusted net income per share and cash provided by operating activities before working capital adjustments are non-GAAP measures, see *Notes to Investors* in this presentation

Operating Highlights – Quebec



- ➤ LaRonde complex LaRonde complex celebrated 35th anniversary; quarterly gold production affected by planned mill shutdown and maintenance of ore handling system; mining at the 11-3 Zone commences
- ➤ Canadian Malartic complex Strong quarterly gold production driven by higher grades, recovery and tonnes milled at the Barnat pit; production from Odyssey underground continues to ramp up
- ➤ **Goldex** Steady operational performance in Q3 2023; first production at South Zone Sector 3 provides operational flexibility; exploration drilling expected to further increase mineral resources

| | | Q3 2023 | | YTD Q3 2023 | | | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| | Production (Gold oz) | Total Cash Costs ¹ (\$/oz) | Operating Margin¹ (\$000's) | Production (Gold oz) | Total Cash Costs ¹ (\$/oz) | Operating Margin ¹ (\$000's) | | |
| LaRonde complex | 64,496 | \$972 | \$74,997 | 220,883 | \$937 | \$229,499 | | |
| Canadian Malartic complex | 177,243 | 805 | 194,589 | 435,683 | 789 | 467,053 | | |
| Goldex | 35,880 | 822 | 39,662 | 107,619 | 802 | 125,002 | | |







Operating Highlights – Ontario



- ➤ **Detour Lake** Lower mill production in Q3 2023 due to temporary transformer issue; continued focus on mill optimization to achieve 28.0 mtpa by 2025
- ➤ Macassa Sustained productivity gains result in robust operational performance and lowest minesite costs per tonne since 2022; exploration remains focused on mineral resource expansion

| | | Q3 2023 | | YTD Q3 2023 | | | | |
|-------------|-------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| | Production (Gold oz) | Total Cash Costs ¹ (\$/oz) | Operating Margin¹ (\$000's) | Production (Gold oz) | Total Cash Costs ¹ (\$/oz) | Operating Margin ¹ (\$000's) | | |
| Detour Lake | 152,762 | \$755 | \$181,760 | 483,971 | \$752 | \$578,605 | | |
| Macassa | 46,792 | 841 | 49,543 | 167,951 | 719 | 203,777 | | |





Operating Highlights – Nunavut



- ➤ **Meliadine** Strong mill performance continued; phase 2 expansion project on schedule; exploration at depth continues to yield positive results
- Meadowbank complex Robust overall operational performance; record haulage of underground ore tonnes in Q3 2023; work ongoing to potentially extend mine life beyond 2027

| | | Q3 2023 | | YTD Q3 2023 | | | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
| | Production (Gold oz) | Total Cash Costs¹ (\$/oz) | Operating Margin¹ (\$000's) | Production (Gold oz) | Total Cash Costs¹ (\$/oz) | Operating Margin ¹ (\$000's) | | |
| Meliadine | 89,707 | \$971 | 91,134 | 267,856 | \$975 | \$257,836 | | |
| Meadowbank complex | 116,555 | \$1,225 | 76,924 | 322,440 | \$1,173 | 235,101 | | |





Operating Highlights – Europe, Australia & Mexico



- ➤ **Kittila** Record monthly mill throughout set in July 2023; production shaft commissioned in September 2023
- ➤ **Fosterville** Solid mine development performance; gold production affected by prioritization of development headings for primary ventilation upgrade
- Mexico Gold production on target with strong operating performance at both Pinos Altos and La India

| | | Q3 2023 | | YTD Q3 2023 | | | | | |
|-------------|-------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| | Production (Gold oz) | Total Cash Costs ¹ (\$/oz) | Operating Margin¹ (\$000's) | Production (Gold oz) | Total Cash Costs ¹ (\$/oz) | Operating Margin ¹ (\$000's) | | | |
| Kittila | 59,408 | \$930 | \$55,160 | 173,230 | \$875 | \$177,416 | | | |
| Fosterville | 59,790 | 495 | 89,377 | 228,161 | 437 | 354,322 | | | |
| Mexico | 47,655 | 1,238 | 29,854 | 128,102 | 1,252 | 85,850 | | | |







ESG



We Make Mining Work



- ➤ **Delivering strong ESG performance** In 2022, we achieved our best safety frequency performance in the Company's 65-year history, zero significant environmental incidents and increased Indigenous employment
- Addressing climate change and working towards net-zero by 2050 In 2022, we set an interim reduction target of 30% of absolute Scope 1 and 2 emissions by 2030 and published our first Climate Action Report. With an intensity of 0.4 tonnes of CO2e per ounce of gold produced, we continue to be a low GHG intensity gold producer
- ➤ **Being a great place to work** In 2022, we launched Sanajiksanut, a tailored hiring program designed to empower and increase our Inuit workforce in Nunavut
- ➤ Investing in neighbouring communities In 2022, we continued to contribute to and invest in neighbouring communities across the globe with a combined \$16 million in community investments and \$1.4 billion in local procurement
- ➤ Mining responsibly Agnico Eagle is a long-time supporter of recognized international sustainability frameworks, including Towards Sustainable Mining ("TSM"), Responsible Gold Mining Principles ("RGMP"), the Voluntary Principles on Security and Human Rights ("VPSHRs"), Conflict-Free Gold Standard, and Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures



Adapting to New Realities and Evolving Responsibility



Committed to contributing to global climate initiatives

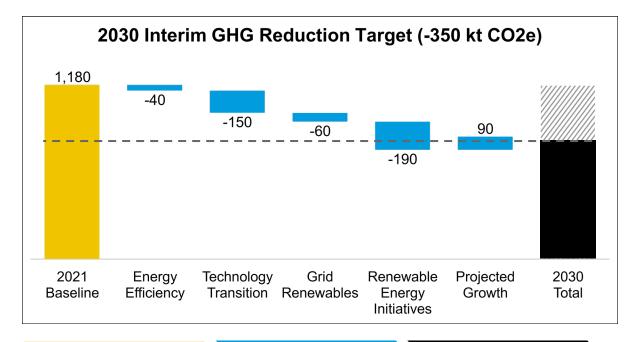
- Energy Efficiency Energy reduction initiatives at every site
 - Improved heat recovery
 - Water system optimizations
 - LED cap lamps & lights and solar cells
 - Ventilation on demand
- Technology Transition Focus on electrification of material handling equipment and increase use of BEVs
 - Battery electric vehicles
 - Railveyor™ TrulyAutonomous System
 - Electric car charging for employees
- Renewable Energy Advocating for greening of the electrical grids and deployment of clean energy solutions at our operations
 - Passive Solar Wall
 - Solar power purchase agreements
 - Community partnership programs

Net-Zero

Goal of achieving Net-Zero Scope 1 & 2 carbon emissions by 2050

30%

Agnico Eagle has set an interim target to reduce absolute Scope 1 & 2 carbon emissions by 30% by 2030



Decarbonize

Innovate

Offset



Continued Focus on ESG and Optimization Initiatives

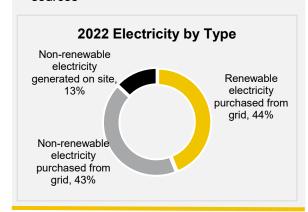




Innovation and Electrification

- LTE-4G network (LaRonde complex)
- Automated mucking
- Rail-Veyor®
- Battery electric vehicles
- Control centers

44% of electricity from renewable sources

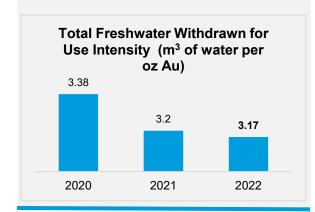




Water & Tailings Management

- Filtered tailings deposition
 - Water consumption
- In-pit tailings disposal
- Manitou partnership
- Lapa rehabilitation

78% of water recycled



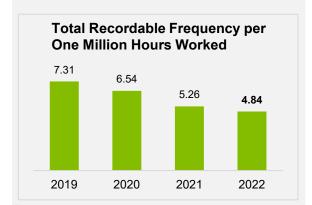


People & Safety

- · Towards zero accidents
- Mine rescue
- Health and Wellness
- Retention and development

\$1.19B in wages and benefits to employees

61% local employment





Communities

- Community relations and satisfaction
- Indigenous rights and relationships

\$1.36B In local procurement spend

44% Proportion of spending with locally based suppliers



Contributing to the UN Sustainable Development Goals



Composting Programs

These programs have a variety of benefits depending on the location such as reducing waste, providing organic material to support revegetation, and reducing GHG emissions



Scholarship and Development Program in Memory of Dr. Leanne Baker

Designed to support the advancement of women in the Company through a rolling two-year mentorship and training program.





Environmental Research and Development

Agnico Eagle supports various R&D projects including projects that support mining restoration, biodiversity and integration of climate change into mine design.











SUSTAINABLE GEALS

Goldex-Manitou Project

In partnership with the Quebec government, the Goldex-Manitou project is using the alkaline tailing produced by the Goldex mill to rehabilitate the abandoned contaminated Manitou tailings site. As the rehabilitation progresses many flora and fauna have returned to the surrounding wetlands.

Advocating for Clean Energy Infrastructure Projects

Agnico Eagle supports the proposed Kivalliq Hydro-Fibre Link that would deliver reliable renewable energy and broadband internet service to the Kivalliq Region of Nunavut from Manitoba. Agnico Eagle is in frequent communication with the Inuit-led development partner for this project to support its technical studies and preparation of its business case.













Innovation for Soil Restoration

We take pride in our innovative approaches to sustainable management and efficient use of natural resources including soil restoration. Following the successful 2019-2021 Cattle Soil Regeneration program, the team in Mexico has introduced hens at a Creston Mascota rock storage facility with the aim of using a similar process to restore soil and promote plant growth in 2022.





A History of Transparency and Leadership in ESG



2009-2011



First Sustainability Report published



Began assessments under TSM Framework



Reporting to CDP Climate and Water



Endorsed ICMC

2015-2016



Developed detailed Indigenous Peoples Engagement Policy



Began adopting the Voluntary Principles on Security and Human Rights

2019-2020



Began reporting accordance with SASB standards



Early adopters of the Responsible Gold Mining Principles



Created Diversity and Inclusion Council



Updated Sustainable Development Policy to align with new TSM, WGC, and RGMP protocols



Published a partial Scope 3 emissions assessment



Winner of the 2020 TSM Environmental Excellence Award

2012-2014



Developed a comprehensive Sustainable Development Policy



Established Stakeholder Advisory Committee



First conflict-free gold standard report

2017-2018



Began reporting alignment with the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals



Published detailed GRI Data Table



Developed a Diversity and Inclusion Policy

2021-2022



Formally supported TCFD



Committed to be net-zero by 2050, set an interim 30% reduction in GHG emissions by 2030



Reported complete Scope 3 assessment



Issued our inaugural Climate Action Report



Participated in Workforce Disclosure Initiative



Became a member of the TNFD forum



Winner of the 2021 TSM Environmental Excellence Award

Agnico Eagle has a long history of implementing ESG best practices. We continue to evolve and grow our ESG initiatives and commitments

ESG: A Core Building Block of Agnico Eagle's Strategy



Deliver on our Vision to Build a Growing, High-Quality, Low Risk, Sustainable Business

Recognized for our leading industry practices in ESG by independent research agencies

| Rating Agency | Ranking Scale | 2022/2023 | 2021 | 2020 |
|-----------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| MSCI Rating | Leader (AAA, AA); Average (A, BBB, BB); Laggard (B, CCC) | AA | AA | AA |
| Sustainalytics Risks | (40+ Severe Risk) | 22.5 | 27.11 | 28.31 |
| S&P Global CSA | Out of 100 (high is better) | 49 | 46 | 48 |
| Towards Sustainable Mining® | Individual indicators are scored ranging from Level C to Level AAA. Scores are externally verified every three year. Scores for years in-between verification are self-assessed. ² | 99% of indicators scored A or higher | 97% of indicators scored A or higher | 100% of indicators scored A or higher |

Our Guiding Principles:



Anchored in our values

B

Based on collaboration



Clear and simple

- Safe production
- Open and transparent communications
- Highest standards of honesty, responsibility and performance
- Highest levels of employee engagement
- Share and develop employees' expertise
- Maintain our entrepreneurial skills and innovative spirit

- Encourage respectful open debates and healthy discussions
- Recognize success resulting from both exceptional contributions and teamwork

- Simple practices based on common sense
- Clarity on people's roles and contributions
- Alignment of employees and management on our business priorities

Mineral Reserves and Mineral Resources



2022 GOLD MINERAL RESERVES AND MINERAL RESOURCES



Gold Mineral Reserves Increase 9% to Record Levels; Measured and Indicated Resources Increase 12% Despite Successful Conversion of 6.0 Moz to Mineral Reserves

| | | AG | NICO EAGLE | | | |
|----------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|------------|------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | As | of December 31, 2021* | | As | s of December 31, 2022 | |
| Category | Tonnes (000s) | | | Tonnes (000s) | Grade (g/t Au) | Contained Gold (000s oz) |
| Mineral Reserves | | | | | | |
| Proven | 120,426 | 1.58 | 6,098 | 149,399 | 1.2 | 5,776 |
| Probable | 800,039 | 1.5 | 38,534 | 1,036,174 | 1.29 | 42,921 |
| Total Proven & Probable | 920,465 | 1.51 | 44,632 | 1,185,573 | 1.28 | 48,697 |
| Mineral Resources | | | | | | |
| Measured | 103,108 | 1.39 | 4,592 | 107,566 | 1.33 | 4,609 |
| Indicated | 897,630 | 1.22 | 35,085 | 1,070,889 | 1.15 | 39,635 |
| Total Measured & Indicated | 1,000,738 | 1.23 | 39,676 | 1,178,455 | 1.17 | 44,244 |
| Total Inferred | 365,258 | 2.61 | 30,592 | 311,100 | 2.63 | 26,301 |





| | | | IVIIIN | ENAL NESE | RVES AS OF I | DECLINDENC | ., | | | | |
|---------------------------------|----------------|-----------|------------|-----------|--------------|------------|----------|-----------|------------|--------------|-----------|
| OPER <i>A</i> | TION / PROJECT | | | PROVEN | | | PROBABLE | | PROV | EN & PROBABL | Æ |
| GOLD | Mining Method | AEM Share | 000 Tonnes | g/t | 000 Oz Au | 000 Tonnes | g/t | 000 Oz Au | 000 Tonnes | g/t | 000 Oz Au |
| LaRonde ¹ | UG | 100% | 2,809 | 5.23 | 473 | 9,497 | 6.69 | 2,042 | 12,306 | 6.36 | 2,515 |
| LaRonde Zone 52 | UG | 100% | 4,904 | 2.08 | 327 | 5,490 | 2.17 | 383 | 10,394 | 2.12 | 710 |
| LaRonde Complex Total | | | 7,713 | 3.23 | 800 | 14,987 | 5.03 | 2,425 | 22,699 | 4.42 | 3,225 |
| Canadian Malartic ³ | OP | 50% | 25,802 | 0.7 | 579 | 26,185 | 1.1 | 926 | 51,988 | 0.9 | 1,505 |
| Odyssey | UG | 50% | _ | | _ | 1,379 | 2.22 | 98 | 1,379 | 2.22 | 98 |
| Canadian Malartic Total | | | 25,802 | 0.7 | 579 | 27,564 | 1.16 | 1,025 | 53,366 | 0.93 | 1,603 |
| Goldex ⁴ | UG | 100% | 607 | 2.89 | 56 | 17,820 | 1.58 | 906 | 18,427 | 1.62 | 962 |
| Akasaba West ⁵ | OP | 100% | _ | | _ | 5,419 | 0.84 | 147 | 5,419 | 0.84 | 147 |
| Quebec Total | | | 34,122 | 1.31 | 1,435 | 65,790 | 2.13 | 4,503 | 99,912 | 1.85 | 5,937 |
| Detour (Above 0.5 g/t) | OP | 100% | 68,681 | 1.18 | 2,595 | 508,869 | 0.9 | 14,657 | 577,550 | 0.93 | 17,253 |
| Detour (Below 0.5 g/t) | OP | 100% | 38,941 | 0.43 | 538 | 233,926 | 0.38 | 2,893 | 272,867 | 0.39 | 3,431 |
| Detour Lake Total ⁶ | | | 107,622 | 0.91 | 3,133 | 742,795 | 0.73 | 17,551 | 850,417 | 0.76 | 20,683 |
| Macassa ⁷ | UG | 100% | 135 | 15.33 | 66 | 3,114 | 17.29 | 1,731 | 3,249 | 17.2 | 1,797 |
| Macassa Near Surface | UG | 100% | _ | | _ | 92 | 5.31 | 16 | 92 | 5.31 | 16 |
| AK Project | UG | 100% | _ | | _ | 596 | 5.2 | 100 | 596 | 5.2 | 100 |
| Macassa Total | | | 135 | 15.33 | 66 | 3,803 | 15.1 | 1,846 | 3,937 | 15.11 | 1,913 |
| Upper Beaver ⁸ | UG | 100% | _ | | _ | 7,992 | 5.43 | 1,395 | 7,992 | 5.43 | 1,395 |
| Hammond Reef ⁹ | OP | 100% | _ | | _ | 123,473 | 0.84 | 3,323 | 123,473 | 0.84 | 3,323 |
| Ontario Total | | | 107,757 | 0.92 | 3,199 | 878,063 | 0.85 | 24,115 | 985,820 | 0.86 | 27,314 |
| Amaruq | OP | 100% | 1,868 | 2.11 | 126 | 10,499 | 3.82 | 1,289 | 12,366 | 3.56 | 1,416 |
| Amaruq | UG | 100% | 25 | 4.58 | 4 | 4,219 | 5.49 | 745 | 4,243 | 5.49 | 748 |
| Amaruq Total ¹⁰ | | | 1,892 | 2.14 | 130 | 14,718 | 4.3 | 2,034 | 16,610 | 4.05 | 2,164 |
| Meadowbank | OP | 100% | _ | | _ | _ | | _ | _ | | _ |
| Meadowbank Complex Total | | | 1,892 | 2.14 | 130 | 14,718 | 4.3 | 2,034 | 16,610 | 4.05 | 2,164 |
| Meliadine | OP | 100% | 458 | 3.91 | 58 | 4,791 | 4.59 | 708 | 5,249 | 4.53 | 765 |
| Meliadine | UG | 100% | 557 | 7.29 | 131 | 13,658 | 6.54 | 2,870 | 14,215 | 6.57 | 3,001 |
| Meliadine Total ¹¹ | | | 1,015 | 5.77 | 188 | 18,449 | 6.03 | 3,578 | 19,464 | 6.02 | 3,766 |
| Hope Bay ¹² | UG | 100% | 93 | 6.77 | 20 | 16,232 | 6.49 | 3,389 | 16,325 | 6.5 | 3,409 |
| Nunavut Total | | | 3,000 | 3.51 | 338 | 49,398 | 5.67 | 9,001 | 52,399 | 5.54 | 9,339 |
| Fosterville ¹³ | UG | 100% | 608 | 23.19 | 453 | 5,955 | 6.39 | 1,224 | 6,562 | 7.95 | 1,677 |
| Australia Total | | | 608 | 23.19 | 453 | 5,955 | 6.39 | 1,224 | 6,562 | 7.95 | 1,677 |
| Kittila ¹⁴ | UG | 100% | 1,224 | 4.36 | 171 | 26,029 | 4.2 | 3,512 | 27,253 | 4.2 | 3,683 |
| Europe Total | | | 1,224 | 4.36 | 171 | 26,029 | 4.2 | 3,512 | 27,253 | 4.2 | 3,683 |
| Pinos Altos | OP | 100% | 2 | 0.35 | _ | 2,508 | 1.28 | 103 | 2,509 | 1.28 | 103 |
| Pinos Altos | UG | 100% | 2,671 | 2.08 | 178 | 5,122 | 2.33 | 383 | 7,793 | 2.24 | 562 |
| Pinos Altos Total ¹⁵ | | | 2,673 | 2.08 | 178 | 7,630 | 1.98 | 486 | 10,303 | 2.01 | 665 |
| La India ¹⁶ | OP | 100% | 14 | 0.39 | _ | 3,310 | 0.76 | 81 | 3,324 | 0.76 | 81 |
| Mexico Total | | | 2,687 | 2.07 | 179 | 10,939 | 1.61 | 567 | 13,626 | 1.7 | 745 |
| Total Gold | | | 149,399 | 1.2 | 5,776 | 1,036,174 | 1.29 | 42,921 | 1,185,573 | 1.28 | 48,697 |





| | | | MIN | IERAL RESE | RVES AS OF D | ECEMBER 31 | , 2022 | | | | |
|-------------------|------------------|--------------|------------|------------|--------------|------------|----------|-----------|------------|---------------|--------------|
| OPE | RATION / PROJECT | | | PROVEN | | | PROBABLE | | PROV | 'EN & PROBABI | LE |
| SILVER | Mining Method | AEM Share | 000 Tonnes | g/t | 000 Oz Au | 000 Tonnes | g/t | 000 Oz Au | 000 Tonnes | g/t | 000 Oz Au |
| LaRonde | UG | 100% | 2,809 | 16.45 | 1,485 | 9,497 | 21.53 | 6,573 | 12,306 | 20.37 | 8,059 |
| Pinos Altos | OP | 100% | 2 | 7.06 | _ | 2,508 | 37.53 | 3,026 | 2,509 | 37.51 | 3,026 |
| Pinos Altos | UG | 100% | 2,671 | 47.92 | 4,115 | 5,122 | 46.71 | 7,692 | 7,793 | 47.12 | 11,807 |
| Pinos Altos Total | | | 2,673 | 47.89 | 4,116 | 7,630 | 43.69 | 10,718 | 10,303 | 44.78 | 14,834 |
| La India | OP | 100% | 14 | 1.49 | 1 | 3,310 | 4.03 | 428 | 3,324 | 4.01 | 429 |
| Total Silver | | | 5,496 | 31.7 | 5,601 | 20,436 | 26.97 | 17,720 | 25,932 | 27.97 | 23,321 |
| COPPER | Mining Method | AEM Share | 000 Tonnes | g/t | 000 Oz Au | 000 Tonnes | g/t | 000 Oz Au | 000 Tonnes | g/t | 000 Oz Au |
| LaRonde | UG | 100% | 2,809 | 0.22 | 6,241 | 9,497 | 0.29 | 27,421 | 12,306 | 0.27 | 33,662 |
| Akasaba West | OP | 100% | _ | | _ | 5,419 | 0.48 | 25,895 | 5,419 | 0.48 | 25,895 |
| Upper Beaver | UG | 100% | _ | | _ | 7,992 | 0.25 | 19,980 | 7,992 | 0.25 | 19,980 |
| Total Copper | | | 2,809 | 0.22 | 6,241 | 22,908 | 0.32 | 73,296 | 25,717 | 0.31 | 79,537 |
| ZINC | Mining Method | AEM Share | 000 Tonnes | g/t | tonnes Zn | 000 Tonnes | g/t | tonnes Zn | 000 Tonnes | g/t | tonnes Zn |
| LaRonde | UG | 100% | 2,809 | 0.76 | 21,398 | 9,497 | 1.12 | 106,097 | 12,306 | 1.04 | 127,495 |
| Total Zinc | <u> </u> | | 2,809 | 0.76 | 21,398 | 9,497 | 1.12 | 106,097 | 12,306 | 1.04 | 127,495 |





| | | | | | MINERAL R | ESOURCES A | S OF DECEME | BER 31, 2022 | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|--------|--------|----------|-----------|-----------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|------------------|------------|------------------|--------------|----------------|
| OPERA | ATION / PROJECT | AEM | 000 | MEASURED | | 000 | INDICATED | 000 | MEASU 000 | IRED & INDICATED | 000 | 000 | INFERRED | 000 |
| GOLD | Mining Method | Share | Tonnes | g/t | 000 Oz Au | Tonnes | g/t | Oz Au | Tonnes | g/t | Oz Au | Tonnes | g/t | Oz Au |
| LaRonde | UG | 100% | _ | | _ | 5,959 | 2.96 | 566 | 5,959 | 2.96 | 566 | 2,942 | 4.91 | 4 |
| LaRonde Zone 5 | UG | 100% | _ | | _ | 9,774 | 2.08 | 652 | 9,774 | 2.08 | 652 | 12,376 | 3.13 | 1,2 |
| LaRonde Complex Total | | | _ | | _ | 15,733 | 2.41 | 1,219 | 15,733 | 2.41 | 1,219 | 15,317 | 3.47 | 1,70 |
| Canadian Malartic | OP | 50% | _ | | _ | _ | | _ | _ | | _ | 2,804 | 0.73 | 6 |
| Odyssey | UG | 50% | _ | | _ | 888 | 1.59 | 46 | 888 | 1.59 | 46 | 11,250 | 2.18 | 78 |
| East Malartic | UG | 50% | _ | | _ | 6,107 | 1.96 | 385 | 6,107 | 1.96 | 385 | 38,781 | 2.01 | 2,51 |
| East Gouldie | UG | 50% | _ | | _ | 25,105 | 3.29 | 2,652 | 25,105 | 3.29 | 2,652 | 16,189 | 2.54 | 1,32 |
| Odyssey Mine Total | | | _ | | _ | 32,101 | 2.99 | 3,082 | 32,101 | 2.99 | 3,082 | 66,221 | 2.17 | 4,61 |
| Canadian Malartic Complex | | | _ | | _ | 32,101 | 2.99 | 3,082 | 32,101 | 2.99 | 3,082 | 69,025 | 2.11 | 4,68 |
| Goldex | UG | 100% | 12,360 | 1.86 | 739 | 21,257 | 1.52 | 1,036 | 33,617 | 1.64 | 1,775 | 18,840 | 1.74 | 1,05 |
| Akasaba West | OP | 100% | _ | | _ | 4,209 | 0.64 | 86 | 4,209 | 0.64 | 86 | _ | | - |
| Quebec Total | <u> </u> | 10070 | 12,360 | 1.86 | 739 | 73,301 | 2.3 | 5,423 | 85,660 | 2.24 | 6,162 | 103,183 | 2.24 | 7,44 |
| Detour | OP | 100% | 30,861 | 1.45 | 1,434 | 697,821 | 0.74 | 16,520 | 728,681 | 0.77 | 17,955 | 58,317 | 0.62 | 1,15 |
| Detour Zone 58N | UG | 100% | _ | | | 2,868 | 5.8 | 534 | 2,868 | 5.8 | 534 | 973 | 4.35 | 13 |
| Detour Total | 00 | 10070 | 30,861 | 1.45 | 1,434 | 700,688 | 0.76 | 17,055 | 731,549 | 0.79 | 18,489 | 59,290 | 0.68 | 1,29 |
| Macassa | UG | 100% | 272 | 10.49 | 92 | 2,153 | 9.24 | 639 | 2,425 | 9.38 | 731 | 1,904 | 16.52 | 1,01 |
| Macassa Near Surface | UG | 100% | | 10.43 | - | 32 | 10.02 | 10 | 32 | 10.02 | 10 | 212 | 10.12 | 6 |
| AK Project | UG | 100% | _ | | _ | 230 | 6.06 | 45 | 230 | 6.06 | 45 | 700 | 5.57 | 12 |
| Macassa Total | 00 | 100 /6 | 272 | 10.49 | 92 | 2,415 | 8.94 | 695 | 2,687 | 9.1 | 786 | 2,816 | 13.31 | 1,20 |
| | OP | 100% | _ | 10.49 | 92 | 2,415 | 1.49 | 1,106 | 23,112 | 1.49 | 1,106 | 502 | 0.87 | 1,20 |
| Aquarius Holt Complex | UG | 100% | 5,806 | 4.29 | 800 | 5,884 | 4.75 | 898 | 11,690 | 4.52 | 1,699 | 9,097 | 4.48 | 1,31 |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | UG | | 5,000 | 4.29 | 600 | | | | | | | 9,097 | | 1,31 |
| Anoki-McBean | | 100% | _ | | _ | 3,919 | 2.77 | 349 | 3,919 | 2.77 | 349 | | 3.84 | |
| Upper Beaver | UG | 100% | _ | | _ | 3,636 | 3.45 | 403 | 3,636 | 3.45 | 403 | 8,688 | 5.07 | 1,410 |
| Upper Canada | OP | 100% | _ | | _ | 2,006 | 1.62 | 104 | 2,006 | 1.62 | 104 | 1,020 | 1.44 | 47 |
| Upper Canada Upper Canada Total | UG | 100% | _ | | _ | 8,433 10,439 | 2.28 2.15 | 618 722 | 8,433 10,439 | 2.28 2.15 | 618 722 | 17,588 18,608 | 3.21 3.11 | 1,816 1,863 |
| Hammond Reef | OP | 100% | 47.063 | 0.54 | 819 | 86,304 | 0.53 | 1,478 | 133,367 | 0.54 | 2,298 | | 0.11 | 1,000 |
| Ontario Total | <u> </u> | 10070 | 84,002 | 1.16 | 3,146 | 836,396 | 0.84 | 22,706 | 920,398 | 0.87 | 25,852 | 99,867 | 2.24 | 7,207 |
| Amaruq | OP | 100% | - | 1.10 | - | 5,806 | 2.49 | 465 | 5,806 | 2.49 | 465 | 61 | 3.20 | 1,20 |
| Amarug | UG | 100% | _ | | _ | 7,398 | 4.46 | 1.061 | 7,398 | 4.46 | 1.061 | 6,280 | 4.62 | 932 |
| Amaruq Total | 00 | 10070 | | | _ | 13,203 | 3.6 | 1,526 | 13,203 | 3.6 | 1,526 | 6,341 | 4.60 | 938 |
| Meadowbank | OP | 100% | | | _ | 13,203 | 3.0 | 1,320 | 13,203 | 3.0 | 1,520 | 0,541 | 4.00 | _ |
| Meadowbank Complex Total | Oi | 10070 | _ | | | 13,203 | 3.6 | 1,526 | 13,203 | 3.6 | 1,526 | 6,341 | 4.60 | 93 |
| Meliadine | OP | 100% | _ | 4.48 | _ | 3,590 | 3.44 | 397 | 3,590 | 3.44 | 397 | 441 | 4.26 | 6 |
| Meliadine | UG | 100% | 303 | 4.53 | 44 | 8,457 | 4.41 | 1,198 | 8,759 | 4.41 | 1,242 | 10,646 | 6.48 | 2,21 |
| Meliadine Total | UG | 100% | 303 | 4.53 | 44 | 12,047 | 4.41 | 1,196 | 12,350 | 4.41 | 1,639 | 11,088 | 6.39 | 2,21 |
| Hope Bay | UG | 100% | 303 | 4.55 | 44 | 9.784 | 3.58 | 1,125 | 9,784 | 3.58 | 1,125 | 11,044 | 5.49 | 1,95 |
| Nunavut Total | 06 | 100% | 303 | 4.53 | 44 | 35,034 | 3.77 | 4,246 | 35,337 | 3.78 | 4,290 | 28,473 | 5.64 | 5,16 |
| Fosterville | OP | 100% | 715 | 2.86 | 66 | 1,251 | 3.77 | 135 | 1,966 | 3.78 | 4,290 | 26,473 | 2.42 | 5,16 |
| | UG | 100% | | 5.36 | 59 | | | 1,485 | | 5.44 | 1,544 | | | |
| Fosterville | UG | 100% | 342 | | | 8,485 | 5.44 | | 8,827 | | | 5,412 | 6.71 | 1,16 |
| Fosterville Total | | | 1,057 | 3.67 | 125 | 9,736 | 5.18 | 1,621 | 10,793 | 5.03 | 1,745 | 5,638 | 6.53 | 1,18 |
| Northern Territory | OP | 100% | 269 | 3.65 | 32 | 16,416 | 1.42 | 749 | 16,685 | 1.46 | 781 | 13,536 | 1.75 | 76 |
| Northern Territory | UG | 100% | _ | | _ | 5,115 | 5.39 | 887 | 5,115 | 5.39 | 887 | 4,284 | 4.45 | 61 |
| Northern Territory Total | | | 269 | 3.65 | 32 | 21,531 | 2.36 | 1,636 | 21,800 | 2.38 | 1,668 | 17,820 | 2.40 | 1,37 |
| Australia Total | | | 1,326 | 3.66 | 156 | 31,267 | 3.24 | 3,257 | 32,593 | 3.26 | 3,413 | 23,458 | 3.39 | 2,56 |
| Kittilä | OP | 100% | _ | | _ | _ | | _ | _ | | _ | 373 | 3.89 | 4 |
| Kittilä | UG | 100% | 5,089 | 2.76 | 452 | 16,212 | 2.74 | 1,430 | 21,301 | 2.75 | 1,881 | 5,836 | 4.54 | 85 |
| Kittilä Total | | | 5,089 | 2.76 | 452 | 16,212 | 2.74 | 1,430 | 21,301 | 2.75 | 1,881 | 6,209 | 4.50 | 89 |
| Kuotko | OP | 100% | _ | | _ | _ | | _ | _ | | _ | _ | | - |
| Barsele | OP | 55% | _ | | _ | 3,178 | 1.08 | 111 | 3,178 | 1.08 | 111 | 2,260 | 1.25 | 9 |
| Barsele | UG | 55% | _ | | _ | 1,158 | 1.77 | 66 | 1,158 | 1.77 | 66 | 13,552 | 2.10 | 91 |
| Barsele Total | | | | | | 4,335 | 1.27 | 176 | 4,335 | 1.27 | 176 | 15,811 | 1.98 | 1,00 |
| Europe Total | | | 5,089 | 2.76 | 452 | 20,547 | 2.43 | 1,606 | 25,636 | 2.5 | 2,058 | 22,020 | 2.69 | 1,904 |





| MINERAL | RESOURCES | ΔS | OF DECEMBER 31, 2022 |
|---------|-----------|----|----------------------|
| | | | |

| | | | | | MINERAL | RESOURCES | AS OF DECEN | IBER 31, 2022 | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|------------------|-----------|------------|----------|-----------|------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|----------|--------------|
| OPE | RATION / PROJECT | | | MEASURED | | | INDICATED | | | URED & INDICATE | | | INFERRED | |
| GOLD | Mining Method | AEM Share | 000 Tonnes | g/t | 000 Oz Au | 000 Tonnes | g/t | 000 Oz Au | 000 Tonnes | g/t | 000 Oz Au | 000 Tonnes | g/t | 000 Oz Au |
| Pinos Altos | OP | 100% | _ | | _ | 2,801 | 0.92 | 83 | 2,801 | 0.92 | 83 | 482 | 1.23 | 19 |
| Pinos Altos | UG | 100% | _ | | _ | 12,355 | 1.87 | 744 | 12,355 | 1.87 | 744 | 2,432 | 2.02 | 158 |
| Pinos Altos Total | | | _ | | _ | 15,157 | 1.7 | 827 | 15,157 | 1.7 | 827 | 2,914 | 1.89 | 177 |
| La India | OP | 100% | 4,487 | 0.5 | 71 | 549 | 0.99 | 17 | 5,036 | 0.55 | 89 | 79 | 0.50 | 1 |
| Tarachi | OP | 100% | _ | | _ | 19,290 | 0.58 | 361 | 19,290 | 0.58 | 361 | 242 | 0.52 | 4 |
| Chipriona | OP | 100% | _ | | _ | 12,877 | 0.83 | 346 | 12,877 | 0.83 | 346 | 971 | 0.63 | 20 |
| El Barqueño Gold | OP | 100% | _ | | _ | 8,834 | 1.16 | 331 | 8,834 | 1.16 | 331 | 9,628 | 1.13 | 351 |
| Santa Gertrudis | OP | 100% | _ | | _ | 17,638 | 0.91 | 516 | 17,638 | 0.91 | 516 | 11,187 | 1.28 | 460 |
| Santa Gertrudis | UG | 100% | _ | | _ | _ | | _ | _ | | _ | 9,079 | 3.44 | 1,004 |
| Santa Gertrudis Total | | | _ | | _ | 17,638 | 0.91 | 516 | 17,638 | 0.91 | 516 | 20,265 | 2.25 | 1,464 |
| Total Mexico | | | 4,487 | 0.5 | 71 | 74,344 | 1 | 2,397 | 78,831 | 0.97 | 2,469 | 34,099 | 1.84 | 2,016 |
| Total Gold | | | 107,566 | 1.33 | 4,609 | 1,070,889 | 1.15 | 39,635 | 1,178,455 | 1.17 | 44,244 | 311,100 | 2.63 | 26,301 |
| SILVER | Mining Method | AEM Share | 000 Tonnes | g/t | 000 Oz Ag | 000 Tonnes | g/t | 000 Oz Ag | 000 Tonnes | g/t | 000 Oz Ag | 000 Tonnes | g/t | 000 Oz Ag |
| LaRonde | UG | 100% | _ | | _ | 5,959 | 7.55 | 1,446 | 5,959 | 7.55 | 1,446 | 2,942 | 21.16 | 2,001 |
| Pinos Altos | OP | 100% | _ | | _ | 2,801 | 17.88 | 1,610 | 2,801 | 17.88 | 1,610 | 482 | 26.73 | 414 |
| Pinos Altos | UG | 100% | _ | | _ | 12,355 | 48.35 | 19,204 | 12,355 | 48.35 | 19,204 | 2,432 | 32.45 | 2,537 |
| Pinos Altos Total | | | _ | | _ | 15,157 | 42.71 | 20,814 | 15,157 | 42.71 | 20,814 | 2,914 | 31.50 | 2,951 |
| La India | OP | 100% | 4,487 | 2.38 | 343 | 549 | 4.91 | 87 | 5,036 | 2.65 | 430 | 79 | 1.73 | 4 |
| Chipriona | OP | 100% | _ | | _ | 12,877 | 89.72 | 37,146 | 12,877 | 89.72 | 37,146 | 971 | 81.78 | 2,552 |
| El Barqueño Silver | OP | 100% | _ | | _ | _ | | _ | _ | | _ | 4,393 | 124.06 | 17,523 |
| El Barqueño Gold | OP | 100% | _ | | _ | 8,834 | 4.73 | 1,343 | 8,834 | 4.73 | 1,343 | 9,628 | 16.86 | 5,218 |
| Santa Gertrudis | OP | 100% | _ | | _ | 17,638 | 3.71 | 2,106 | 17,638 | 3.71 | 2,106 | 11,187 | 2.07 | 745 |
| Santa Gertrudis | UG | 100% | _ | | _ | _ | | _ | _ | | _ | 9,079 | 23.31 | 6,803 |
| Santa Gertrudis Total | | | _ | | _ | 17,638 | 3.71 | 2,106 | 17,638 | 3.71 | 2,106 | 20,265 | 11.58 | 7,548 |
| Total Silver | | | 4,487 | 2.38 | 343 | 61,013 | 32.09 | 62,941 | 65,500 | 30.05 | 63,284 | 41,192 | 28.54 | 37,798 |
| COPPER | Mining Method | AEM Share | 000 Tonnes | % | Tonnes Cu | 000 Tonnes | % | Tonnes Cu | 000 Tonnes | % | Tonnes Cu | 000 Tonnes | % | Tonnes Cu |
| LaRonde | UG | 100% | _ | | _ | 5,959 | 0.11 | 6,496 | 5,959 | 0.11 | 6,496 | 2,942 | 0.34 | 10,053 |
| Akasaba West | OP | 100% | _ | | _ | 4,209 | 0.38 | 16,075 | 4,209 | 0.38 | 16,075 | _ | | _ |
| Upper Beaver | UG | 100% | _ | | _ | 3,636 | 0.14 | 5,135 | 3,636 | 0.14 | 5,135 | 8,688 | 0.20 | 17,284 |
| Chipriona | OP | 100% | _ | | _ | 12,877 | 0.14 | 18,382 | 12,877 | 0.14 | 18,382 | 971 | 0.11 | 1,051 |
| El Barqueño Gold | OP | 100% | _ | | _ | 8,834 | 0.19 | 16,400 | 8,834 | 0.19 | 16,400 | 9,628 | 0.22 | 21,152 |
| El Barqueño Silver | OP | 100% | _ | | _ | _ | | _ | _ | | _ | 4,393 | 0.04 | 1,854 |
| Total Copper | | | _ | | _ | 35,514 | 0.18 | 62,488 | 35,514 | 0.18 | 62,488 | 26,621 | 0.19 | 51,395 |
| ZINC | Mining Method | AEM Share | 000 Tonnes | % | Tonnes Zn | 000 Tonnes | % | Tonnes Zn | 000 Tonnes | % | Tonnes Zn | 000 Tonnes | % | Tonnes Zn |
| LaRonde | UG | 100% | _ | | _ | 5,959 | 0.5 | 29,866 | 5,959 | 0.5 | 29,866 | 2,942 | 0.98 | 28,726 |
| Chipriona | OP | 100% | _ | | _ | 12,877 | 0.76 | 98,106 | 12,877 | 0.76 | 98,106 | 971 | 0.72 | 6,982 |
| Total Zinc | | | _ | | _ | 18,836 | 0.68 | 127,972 | 18,836 | 0.68 | 127,972 | 3,912 | 0.91 | 35,707 |

NOTES TO INVESTOR REGARDING THE USE OF MINERAL RESOURCES



The mineral reserve and mineral resource estimates contained in this presentation have been prepared in accordance with the Canadian securities administrators' (the "CSA") National Instrument 43-101 – Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects ("NI 43-101").

Effective February 25, 2019, the SEC's disclosure requirements and policies for mining properties were amended to more closely align with current industry and global regulatory practices and standards, including NI 43-101. However, Canadian issuers that report in the United States using the Multijurisdictional Disclosure System ("MJDS"), such as the Company, may still use NI 43-101 rather than the SEC disclosure requirements when using the SEC's MJDS registration statement and annual report forms. Accordingly, mineral reserve and mineral resource information contained in this news release may not be comparable to similar information disclosed by U.S. companies.

Investors are cautioned that while the SEC now recognizes "measured mineral resources", "indicated mineral resources" and "inferred mineral resources", investors should not assume that any part or all of the mineral deposits in these categories will ever be converted into a higher category of mineral resources or into mineral resources. These terms have a great amount of uncertainty as to their economic and legal feasibility. Under Canadian regulations, estimates of inferred mineral resources may not form the basis of feasibility studies, except in limited circumstances. Investors are cautioned not to assume that any "measured mineral resources", "indicated mineral resources", or "inferred mineral resources" that the Company reports in this presentation are or will be economically or legally mineable. Further, "inferred mineral resources" have a great amount of uncertainty as to their existence and as to their economic and legal feasibility. It cannot be assumed that any part or all of an inferred mineral resource will ever be upgraded to a higher category. The mineral resource mineral resource mineral resource will be resourced to a higher category.

In the mineral resources may not form the basis of feasibility or pre-feasibility studies, except in limited circumstances. Investors are cautioned not to assume that any part or all of an inferred mineral resource will be economically or legally mineable. Further, "inferred mineral resources have a great amount of uncertainty as to their existence and interest and i

Scientific and Technical Information

The scientific and technical information contained in this presentation relating to Nunavut, Quebec and Finland operations has been approved by Dominique Girard, Eng., Executive Vice President & Chief Operating Officer – Nunavut, Quebec & Europe; relating to Ontario, Australia and Mexico operations has been approved by Natasha Vaz, Executive Vice President, Exploration; and relating to mineral reserves and mineral resources has been approved by Dyane Duquette, P.Geo., Vice President, Mineral Resources Management, each of whom is a "Qualified Person" for the purposes of NI 43-101.

The below metal price assumptions are below the three-year historic gold and silver price averages (from January 1, 2020 to December 31, 2022) of approximately \$1,790 per ounce and \$22.48 per ounce, respectively.

Mineral reserves are reported exclusive of mineral resources. Tonnage amounts and contained metal amounts set out in this table have been rounded to the nearest thousand, so may not aggregate to equal column totals. Mineral reserves are *in-situ*, taking into account all mining recoveries, before mill or heap leach recoveries. Underground mineral reserves and measured and indicated mineral resources are reported within mineable shapes and include internal and external dilution. Inferred mineral resources are reported within mineable shapes and include internal dilution. Mineable shape optimization parameters may differ for mineral reserves and mineral reserves.

The mineral reserves and mineral resources tonnages reported for silver, copper and zinc are a subset of the mineral resources tonnages for gold. The Company's economic parameters follow the method accepted by the SEC by setting the maximum price allowed to be no more than the lesser of the three-year moving average and current spot price, which is a common industry standard. Given the current commodity price environment, Agnico Eagle continues to use more conservative gold and silver prices.

| Metal Price for Mineral Reserve Estimation ¹ | | | | | | |
|---|------------------|------------------|----------------|--|--|--|
| Gold (US\$/oz) | Silver (US\$/oz) | Copper (US\$/Ib) | Zinc (US\$/Ib) | | | |
| \$1,300 | \$18 | \$3.00 | \$1.00 | | | |

¹ Exceptions: US\$1,350 per ounce of gold for Hope Bay and Hammond Reef; US\$1,250 per ounce of gold for Akasaba West; US\$1,21100 per ounce of gold and US\$2.75 per pound of copper for Upper Beaver

Exchange rates ²

| _ | C\$ | Mexican peso | AUD | US\$ |
|---|--------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|
| | per US\$1.00 | per US\$1.00 | per US\$1.00 | per €1.00 |
| | \$1.30 | MXP18.00 | AUD1.36 | EUR1.10 |

² Exceptions: exchange rate of CAD\$1.25 per US\$1.00 for Upper Beaver, Upper Canada and Holt Complex, Detour Zone 58N; CAD\$1.11 per US\$1.0 for Aquarius; US\$1.00 per EUR \$1.15 for Barsele

| | Metal Price for Mineral Resource Estimation 7 | | | | | |
|--|---|----------------------|---------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| Mines / Projects | Gold (US\$/oz) | Silver (US\$/oz) | Copper (US\$/Ib) | Zinc (US\$/lb) | | |
| KLG Legacy operating mines and projects ³ | \$1,500 | - | - | - | | |
| AEM Legacy operating mines ⁴ | \$1,625 | \$22.50 | \$3.75 | \$1.25 | | |
| Pipeline projects | \$1,688 ⁵ | \$25.00 ⁶ | \$3.75 | \$1.25 | | |

³ Detour, Macassa, Fosterville, Northern Territory

The above metal price assumptions are below the three-year historic gold and silver price averages (from January 1, 2020 to December 31, 2022) of approximately \$1,790 per ounce and \$22.48 per ounce, respectively.

⁴ LaRonde, LaRonde Zone 5, Goldex, Amarug, Meliadine, Kittila, La India, Pinos Altos

⁵ Hope Bay, Anoki-McBean, Hammond Reef, Chipriona, Tarachi, Santa Gertrudis

⁶ Chipriona, Santa Gertrudis

⁷ Exceptions: US\$1,667 per ounce of gold for Canadian Malartic, Odyssey, Akasaba West, Upper Canada, El Barqueno Gold; US\$1,533 per ounce of gold for Barsele; US\$500 per ounce of gold for Aquarius. US\$22.67 per ounce of silver El Barqueno Silver

NOTES TO INVESTOR REGARDING THE USE OF MINERAL RESOURCES (CONTINUED)



NI 43-101 requires mining companies to disclose mineral reserves and mineral resources using the subcategories of "proven mineral reserves", "measured mineral resources", "indicated mineral resources" and "inferred mineral resources". Mineral resources that are not mineral reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability.

A mineral reserve is the economically mineable part of a measured and/or indicated mineral resource. It includes diluting materials and allowances for losses, which may occur when the material is mined or extracted and is defined by studies at pre-feasibility or feasibility level as appropriate that include application of modifying factors. Such studies demonstrate that, at the time of reporting, extraction could reasonably be justified. The mineral reserves presented in this presentation release are separate from and not a portion of the mineral resources.

Modifying factors are considerations used to convert mineral resources to mineral reserves. These include, but are not restricted to, mining, processing, metallurgical, infrastructure, economic, marketing, legal, environmental, social and governmental factors.

A proven mineral reserve is the economically mineable part of a measured mineral reserve implies a high degree of confidence in the modifying factors. A probable mineral reserve is the economically mineable part of an indicated and, in some circumstances, a measured mineral resource. The confidence in the modifying factors applying to a probable mineral reserve is lower than that applying to a proven mineral reserve.

A mineral resource is a concentration or occurrence of solid material of economic interest in or on the Earth's crust in such form, grade or quality and quantity that there are reasonable prospects for eventual economic extraction. The location, quantity, grade or quality, continuity and other geological characteristics of a mineral resource are known, estimated or interpreted from specific geological evidence and knowledge, including sampling.

A measured mineral resource is that part of a mineral resource for which quantity, grade or quality, densities, shape and physical characteristics are estimated with confidence sufficient to allow the application of modifying factors to support detailed mine planning and final evaluation of the economic viability of the deposit. Geological evidence is derived from detailed and reliable exploration, sampling and testing and is sufficient to confirm geological and grade or quality continuity, grade or quality, densities, shape and physical characteristics are estimated with sufficient confidence is allow the application of modifying factors in sufficient to confirm geological and grade or quality continuity, grade or quality and providence is derived from adequately detailed and reliable exploration, sampling and testing and is sufficient to assume geological and grade or quality continuity between points of observation. An inferred mineral resource is that part of a mineral resource for which quantity and grade or quality are estimated on the basis of limited geological evidence and sampling. Geological evidence is sufficient to imply but not verify geological and grade or quality continuity.

Investors are cautioned not to assume that part or all of an inferred mineral resource exists, or is economically or legally mineable.

A feasibility study is a comprehensive technical and economic study of the selected development option for a mineral project that includes appropriately detailed assessments of applicable modifying factors, together with any other relevant operational factors and detailed financial analysis that are necessary to demonstrate, at the time of reporting, that extraction is reasonably justified (economically mineable). The results of the study may reasonably serve as the basis for a final decision by a proponent or financial institution to proceed with, or finance, the development of the project. The confidence level of the study will be higher than that of a pre-feasibility study.

The forecast parameters for the 2023 Odyssey study include inferred mineral resources that are too speculative geologically to have economic considerations applied to them that would enable them to be categorized as mineral reserves and there is no certainty that the forecast production amounts will be realized. The basis for the 2023 Odyssey study and the qualifications and assumptions made by the qualified person are set out in this presentation. The results of the 2023 Odyssey study had no impact on the results of any pre-feasibility or feasibility study in respect of the Odyssey project.

Additional Information

Additional information about each of the Company's material mineral projects as at June 30, 2023, including information regarding data verification, key assumptions, parameters and methods used to estimate mineral reserves and mineral resources and the risks that could materially affect the development of the mineral reserves and mineral resources required by sections 3.2 and 3.3 and paragraphs 3.4(a), (c) and (d) of NI 43-101 can be found in the Company's AIF and MD&A filed on SEDAR each of which forms a part of the Company's Form 40-F filed with the SEC on EDGAR and in the following technical reports filed on SEDAR in respect of the Company's material mineral properties: NI 43-101 Technical Report of the LaRonde complex in Québec, Canada (March 24, 2023); NI 43-101 Technical Report Canadian Malartic Mine, Québec, Canada (March 25, 2021); Technical Resources and Mineral Resources and Mine



Trading Symbol: AEM on TSX & NYSE

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